

# Full-pulse tomographic reconstruction with deep neural networks

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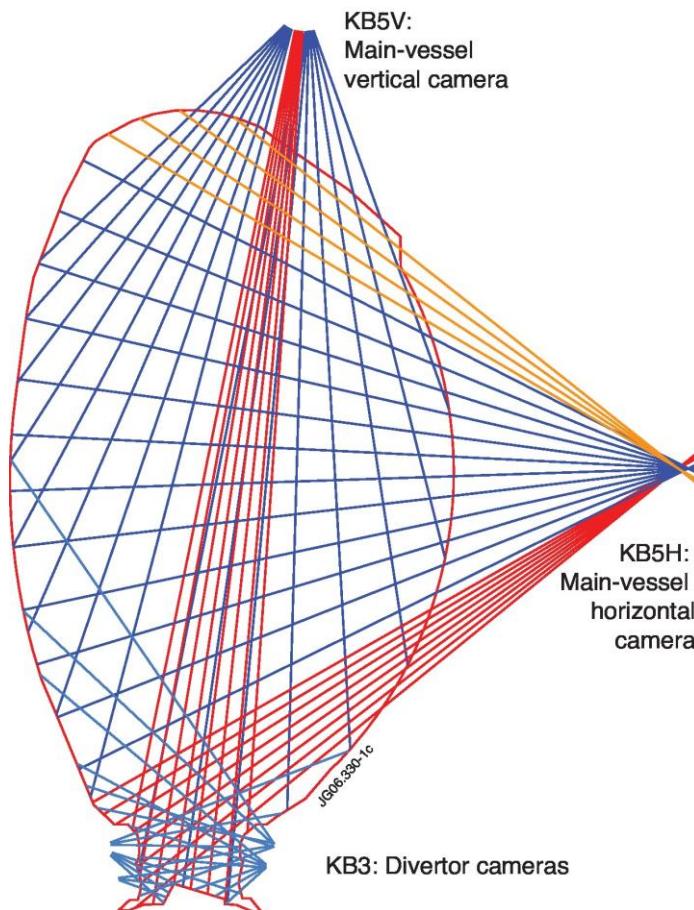


EUROfusion

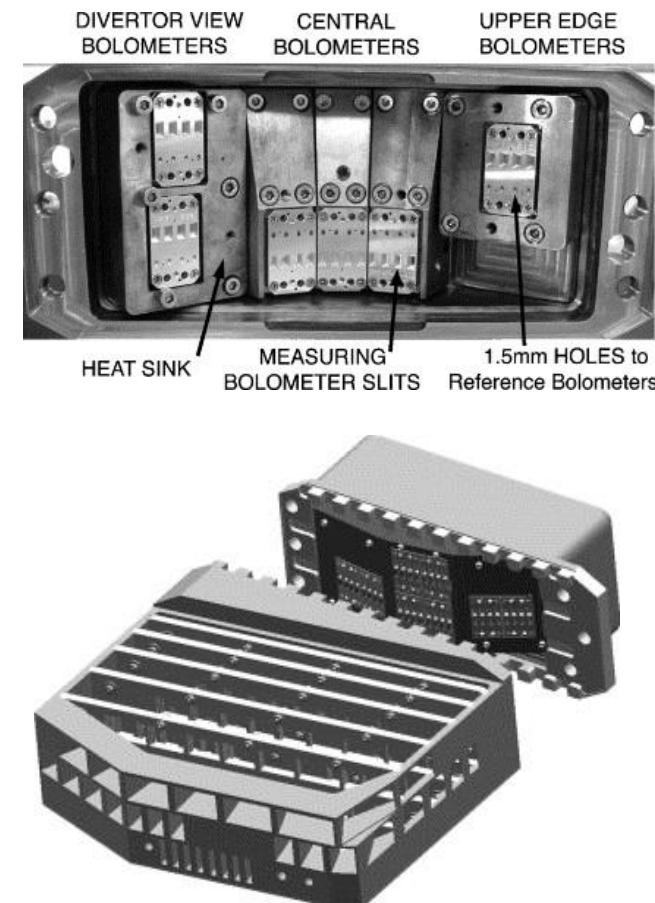


# The KB5 diagnostic at JET

- 2 cameras with 24 bolometers each + 8 reserve channels (total 56)



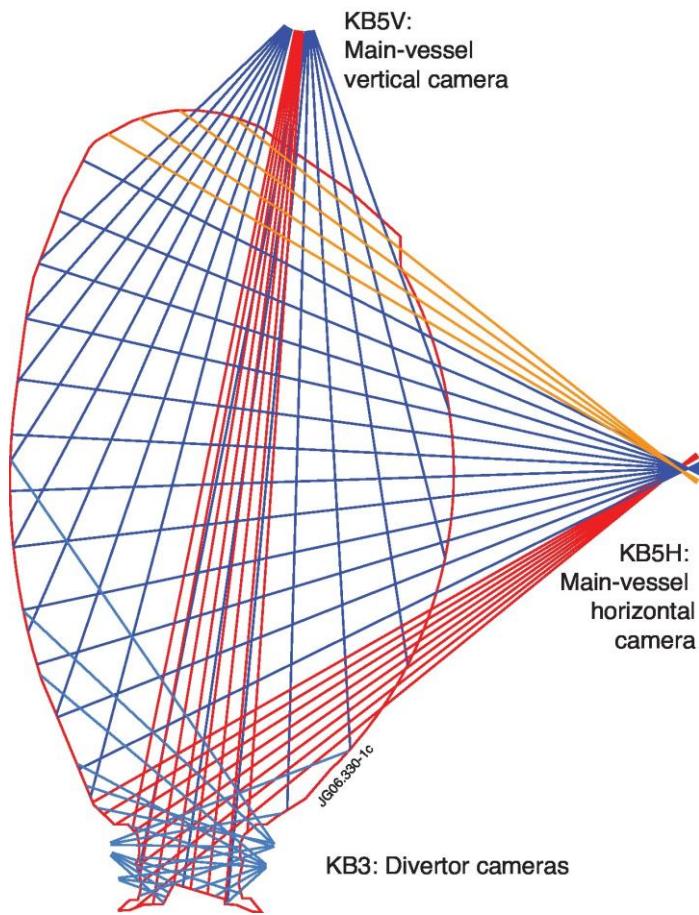
A. Huber et al, Fusion Eng. Des. 82, 1327 (2007)



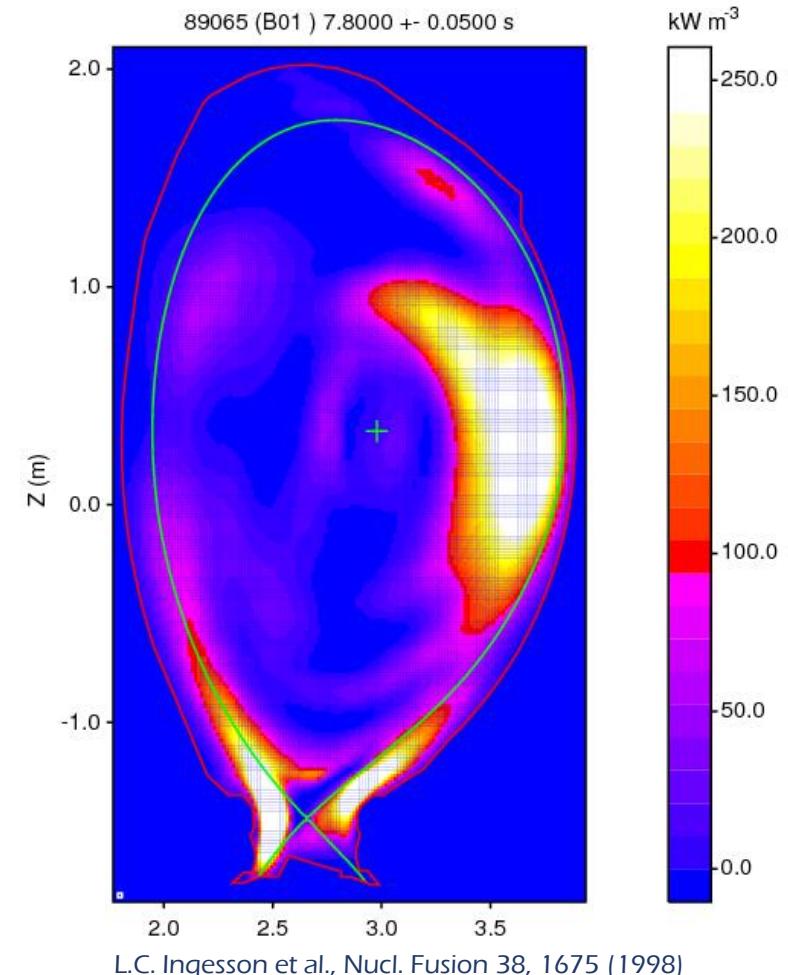
McCormick et al, Fusion Eng. Des. 74, 679 (2005)

# Tomographic reconstruction

- iterative constrained optimization method



A. Huber et al, Fusion Eng. Des. 82, 1327 (2007)



L.C. Ingesson et al., Nucl. Fusion 38, 1675 (1998)

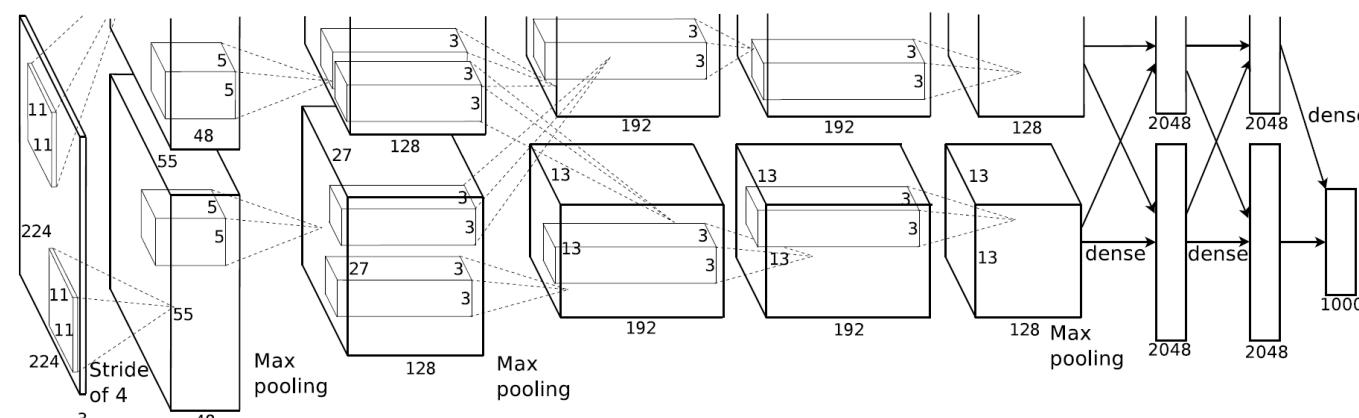
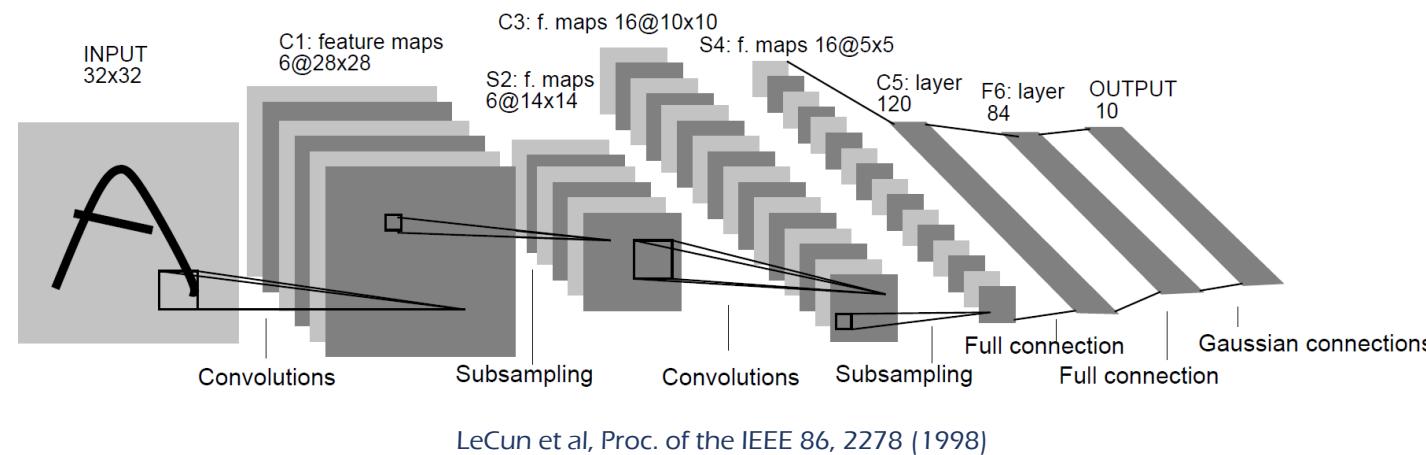
# Some facts

- KB5 sampling rate: 5 kHz
  - window average of 5 ms (25 samples)
  - $5 \text{ kHz} / 25 = 200 \text{ Hz}$
- pulse duration: ~30 sec
  - $30 \text{ sec} \times 200 \text{ Hz} = 6000 \text{ reconstructions/pulse}$
  - in practice, only a few (0-99)
- time per reconstruction
  - >1h on average
  - $6000 \times 1\text{h} = 250 \text{ days}$

# Deep neural networks

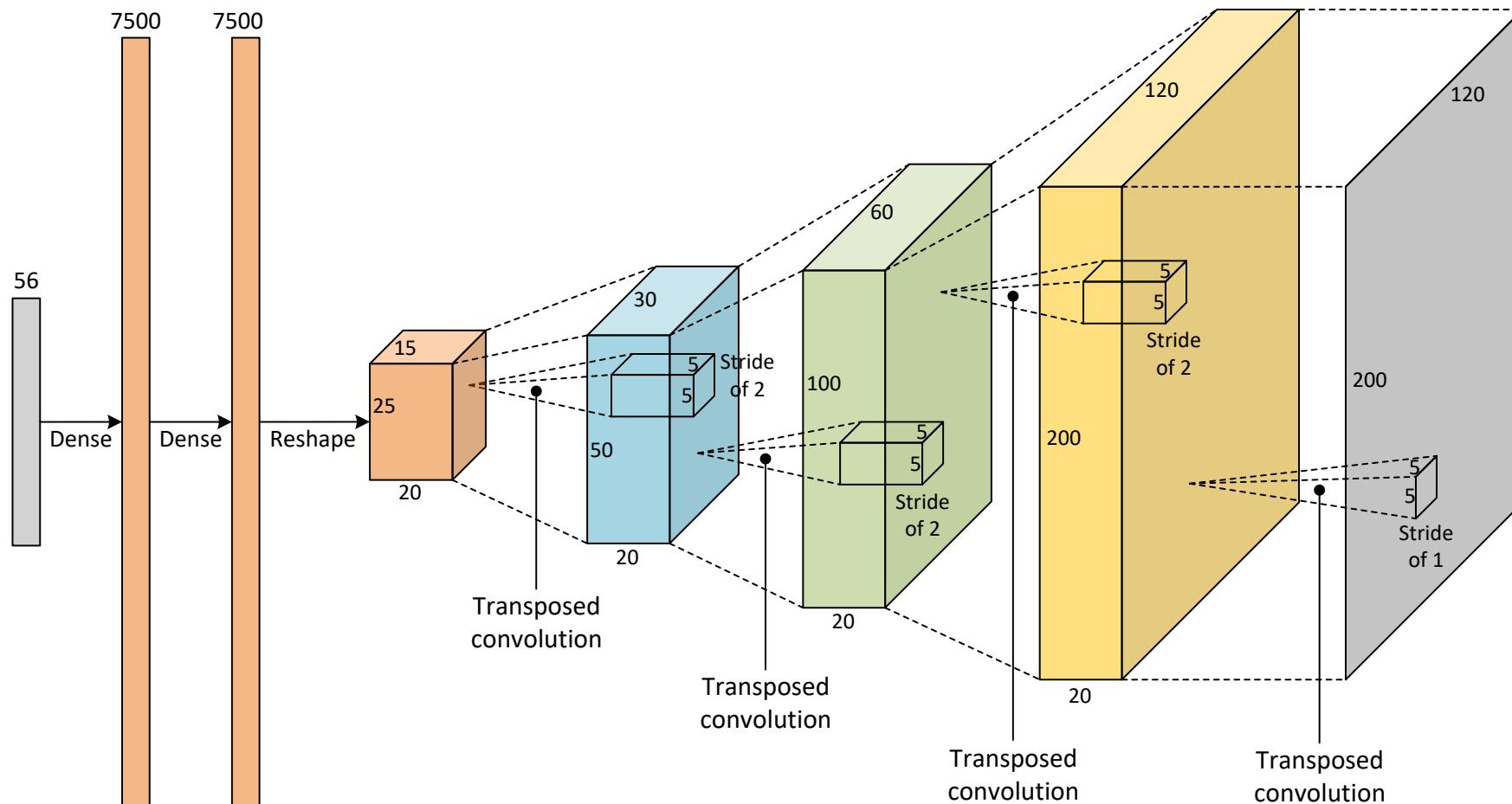
- traditional CNNs (convolutional neural networks)

7 2 1 0 4 1 4 9 5 9  
0 6 9 0 1 5 9 7 8 4  
9 6 6 5 4 0 7 4 0 1  
3 1 3 4 7 2 7 1 2 1  
1 7 4 2 3 5 1 2 4 4  
6 3 5 5 6 0 4 1 9 5  
7 8 9 3 7 4 6 4 3 0  
7 0 2 9 1 7 3 2 9 7  
1 6 2 7 8 4 7 3 6 1  
3 6 9 3 1 4 1 7 6 9



# Deep neural networks

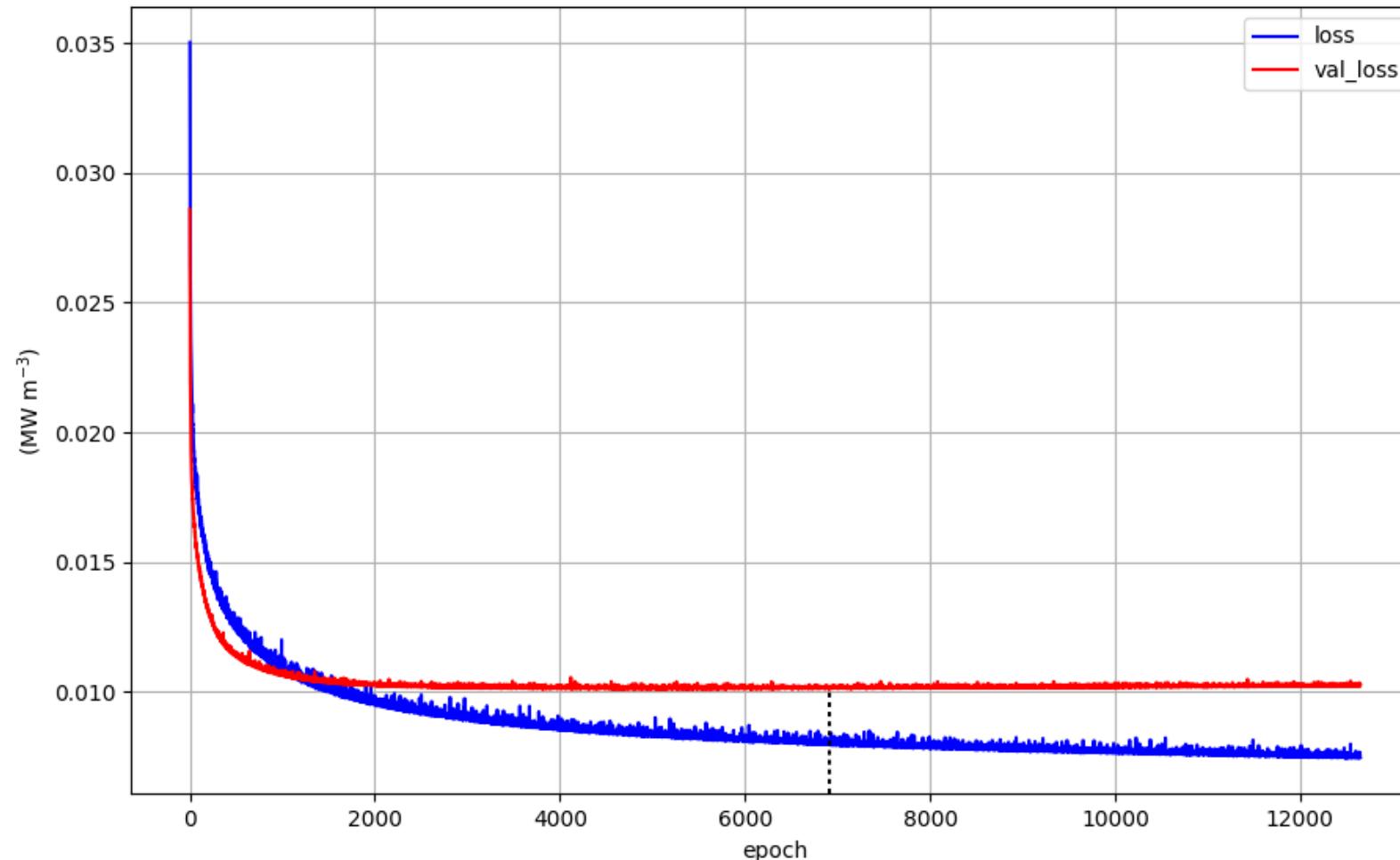
- inverse of a CNN ~ "deconvolutional" neural network



# Training

- dataset
  - range of pulses: 79886 to 92504 (post-ILW)
  - 24203 sample reconstructions
  - 90% training (21783), 10% validation (2420)
- training
  - adaptive gradient descent (Adam)
  - learning rate: 0.0001 ( $10^{-4}$ )
  - batch size: 411 ( $21783 / 411 = 53.0$ )
  - 53 batches = 53 updates/epoch

# Training



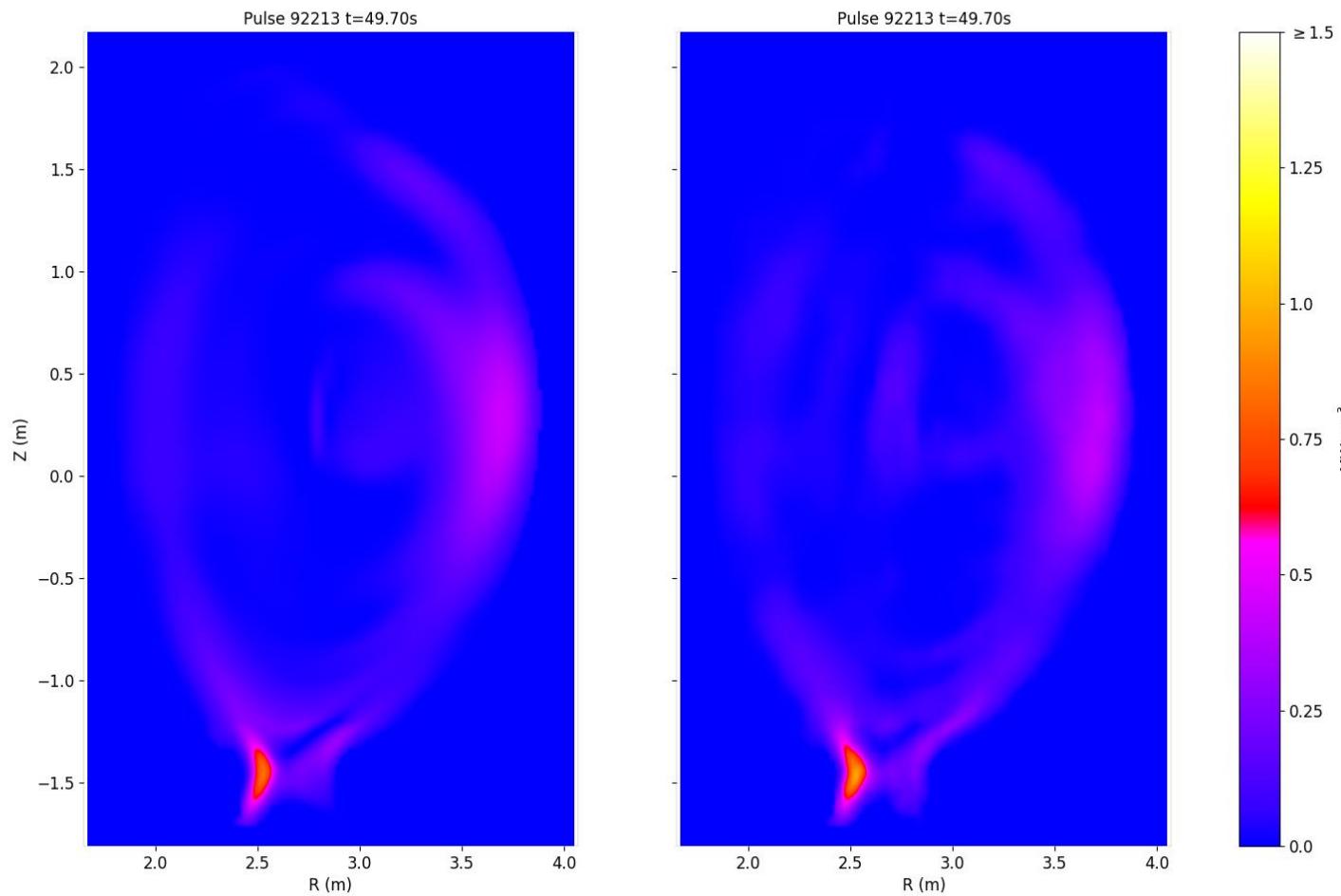
Hardware: Nvidia Titan X GPU  
memory usage: 3759 MB

Training time: 60 hours  
12652 epochs

Min. val. loss: 0.01010275  
epoch 6911

# Results

- Pulse 92213 t=49.70s (true vs. prediction)



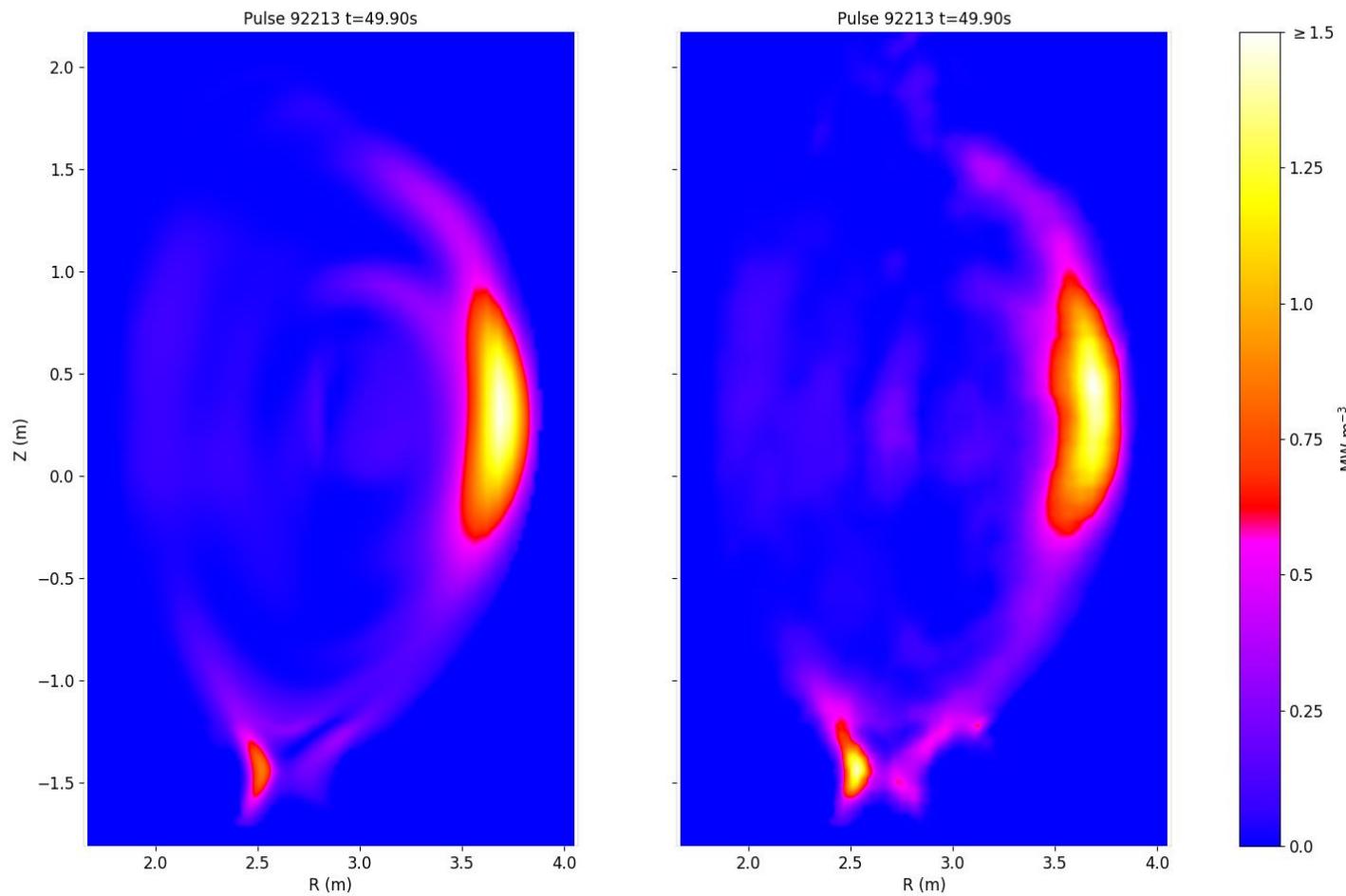
structural similarity  
SSIM: 0.935401

peak signal-to-noise ratio  
PSNR: 30.38582

normalized root-mean-square error  
NRMSE: 0.069252

# Results

- Pulse 92213 t=49.90s (true vs. prediction)



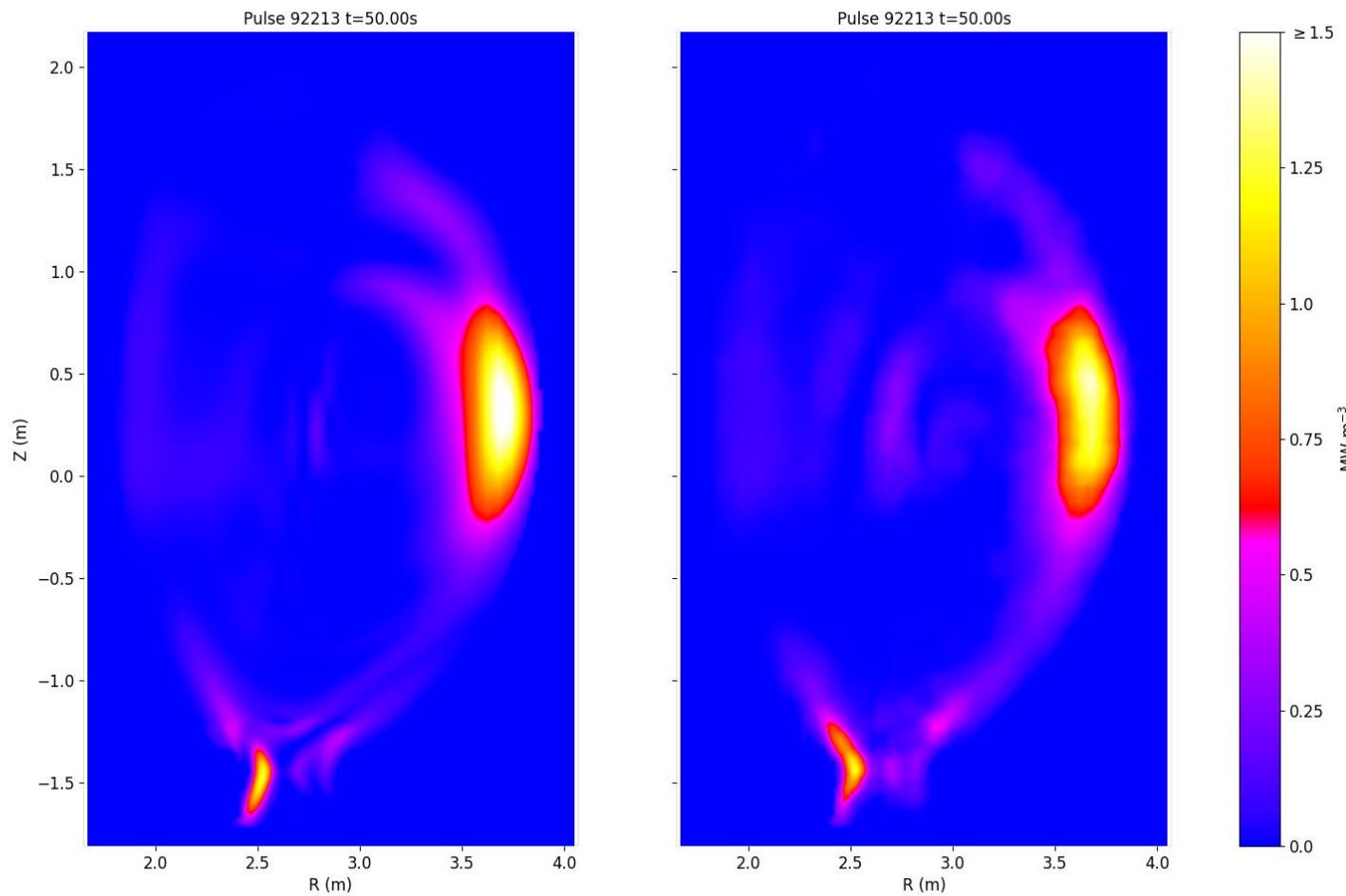
structural similarity  
SSIM: 0.923945

peak signal-to-noise ratio  
PSNR: 28.16129

normalized root-mean-square error  
NRMSE: 0.084369

# Results

- Pulse 92213 t=50.00s (true vs. prediction)



structural similarity  
SSIM: 0.913419

peak signal-to-noise ratio  
PSNR: 28.86369

normalized root-mean-square error  
NRMSE: 0.077504

# Results

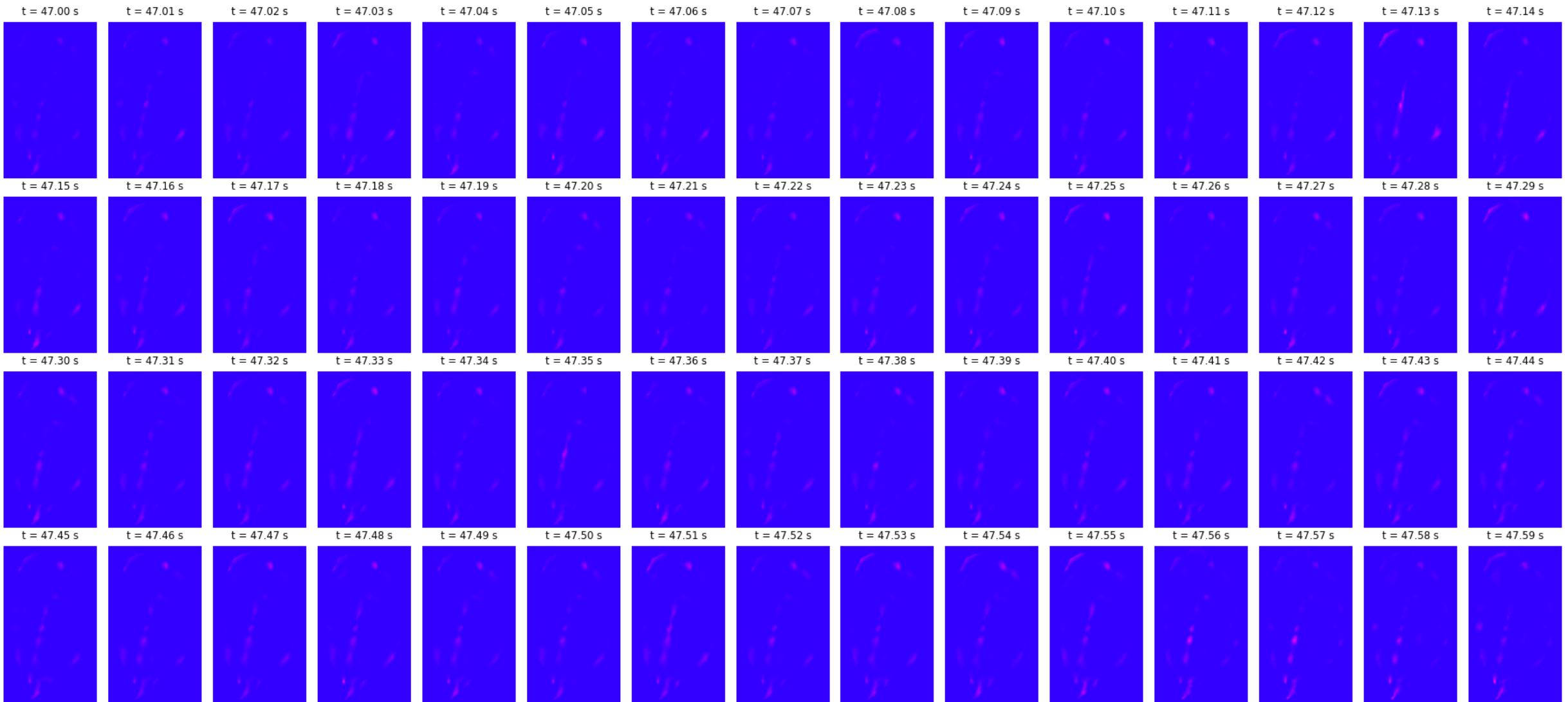
- speed
  - 3000 reconstructions/sec (on GPU)
  - 250 days => 2 sec
- viewing the results
  - plot the reconstructions
  - encode as video frames
  - use lossless compression
  - processing speed ~ 40 frames/sec
  - 6000 frames ~ 150 sec

# 92213 (baseline high power)

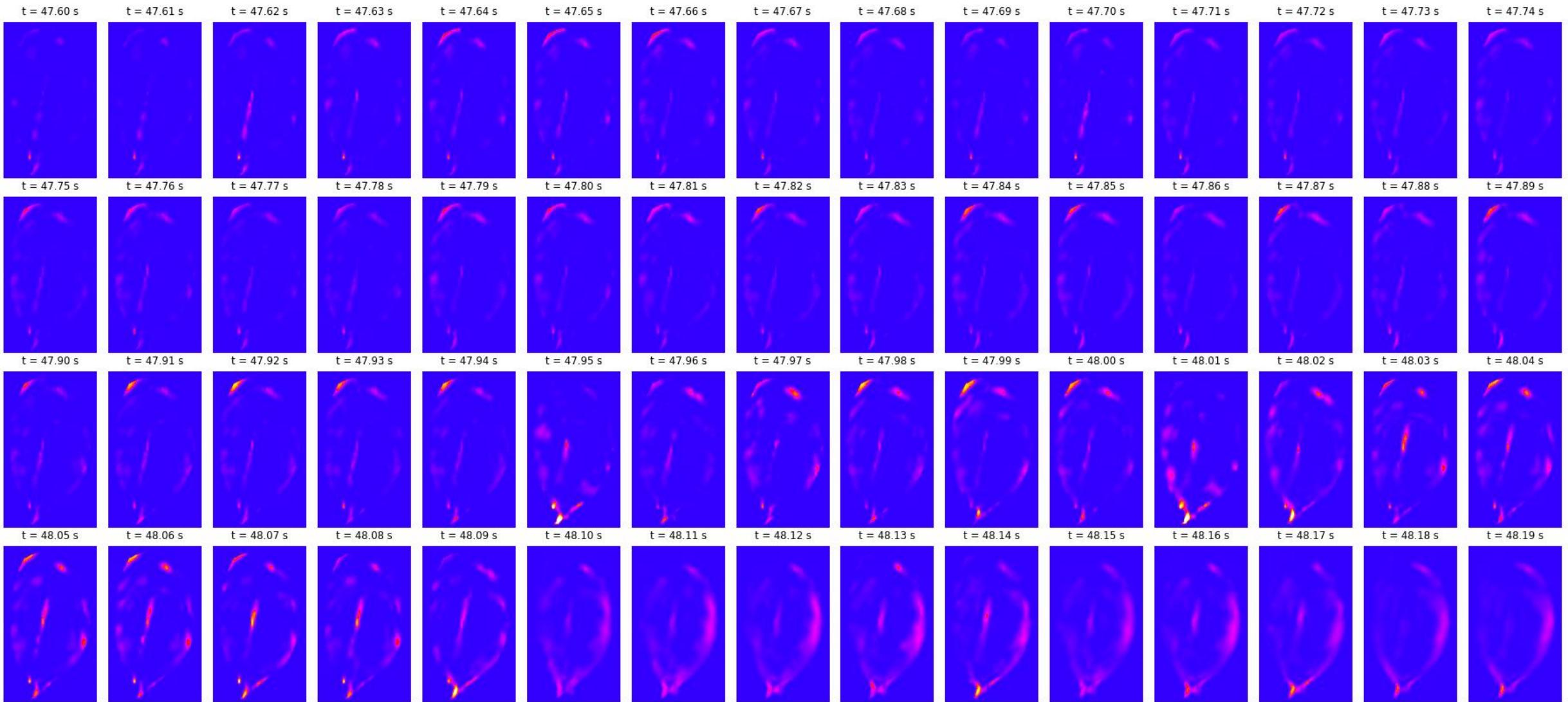
time range: **t=47.00s** to **t=54.19s**

dynamic range: **0 ≤ P<sub>rad</sub> ≤ 1.5 MW m<sup>-3</sup>**

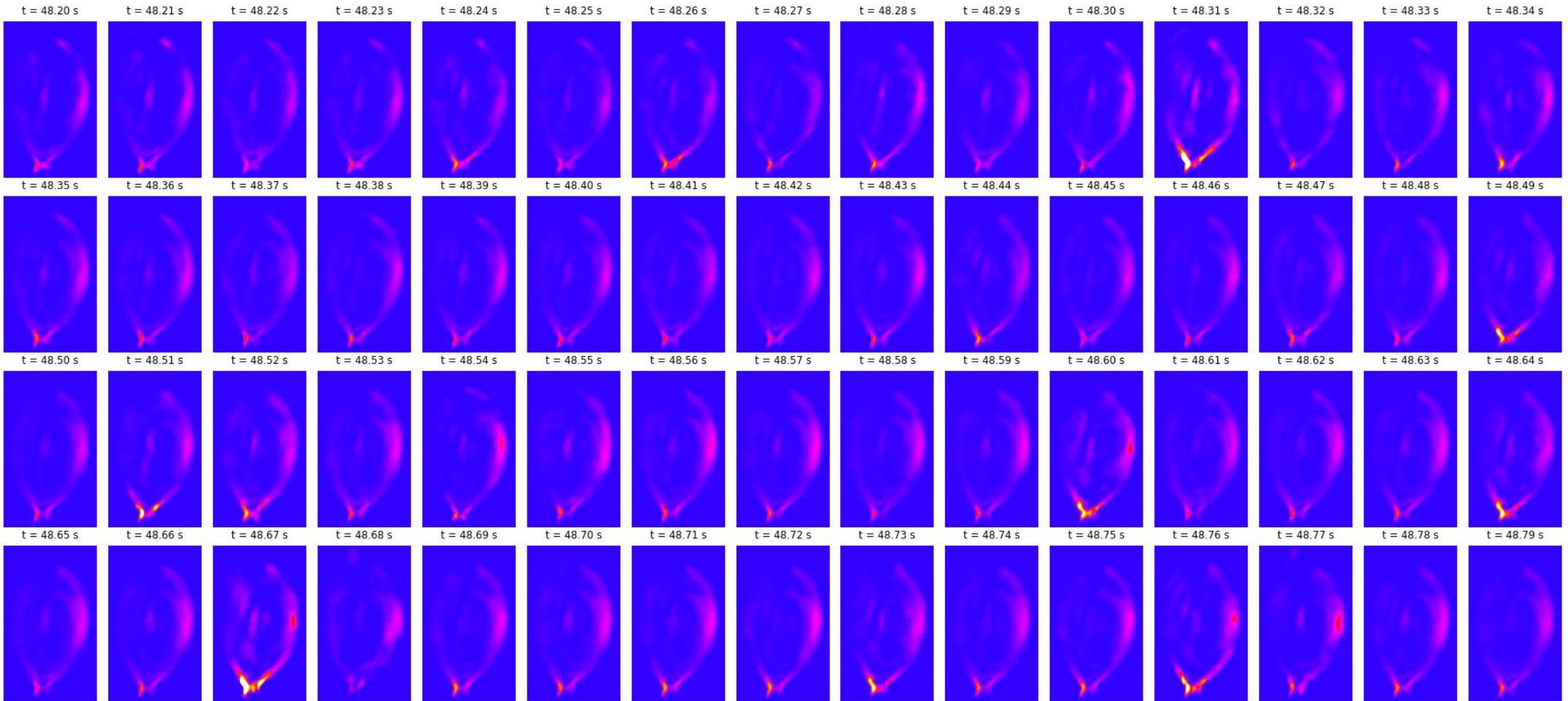
# 92213



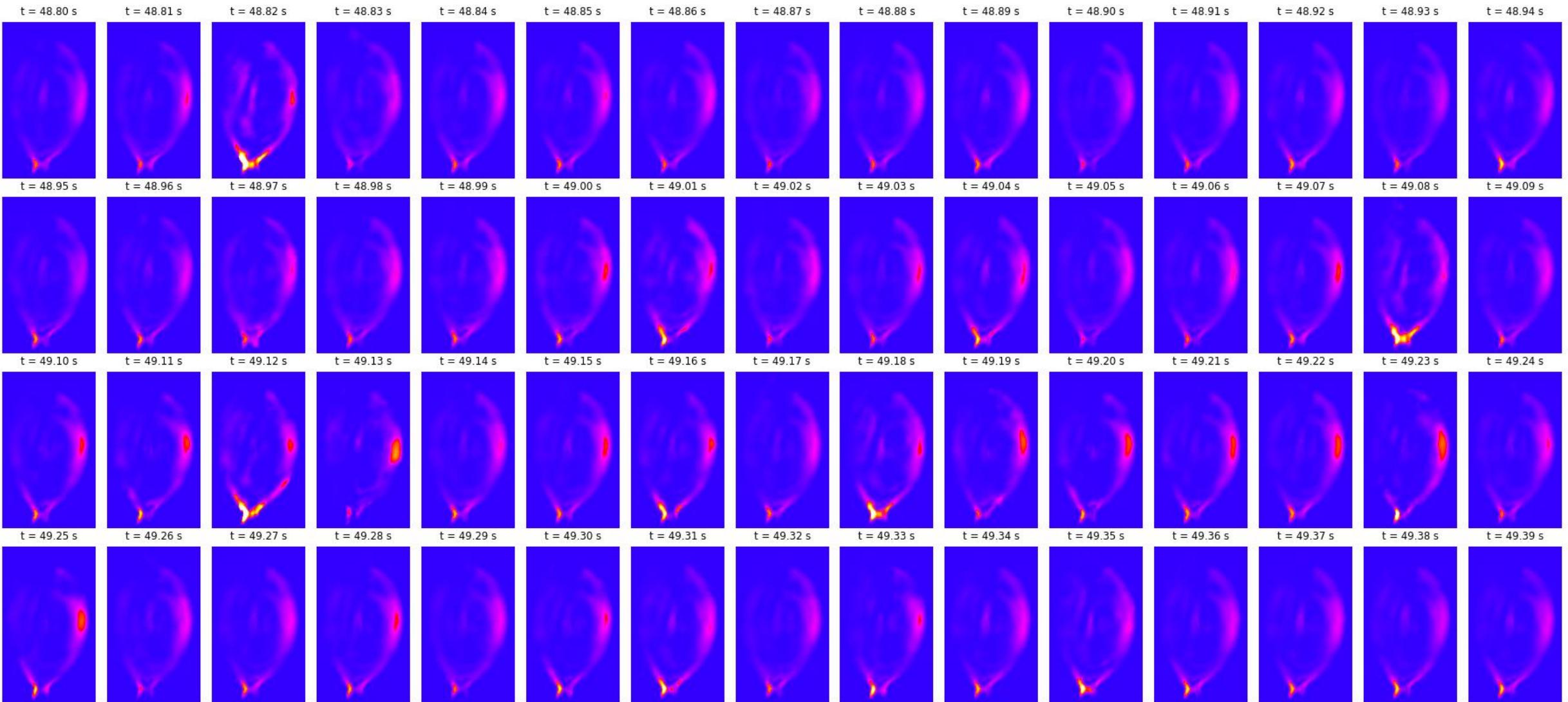
# 92213



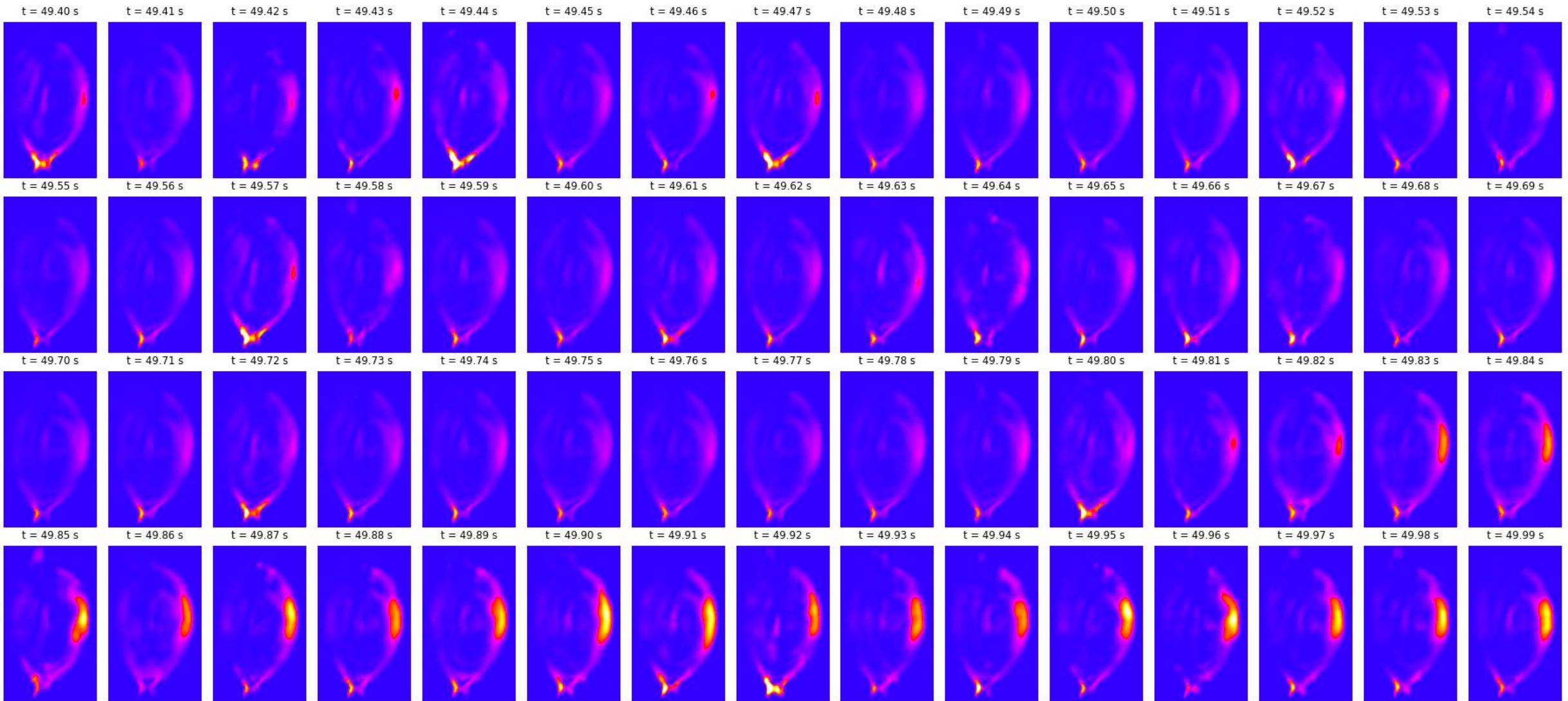
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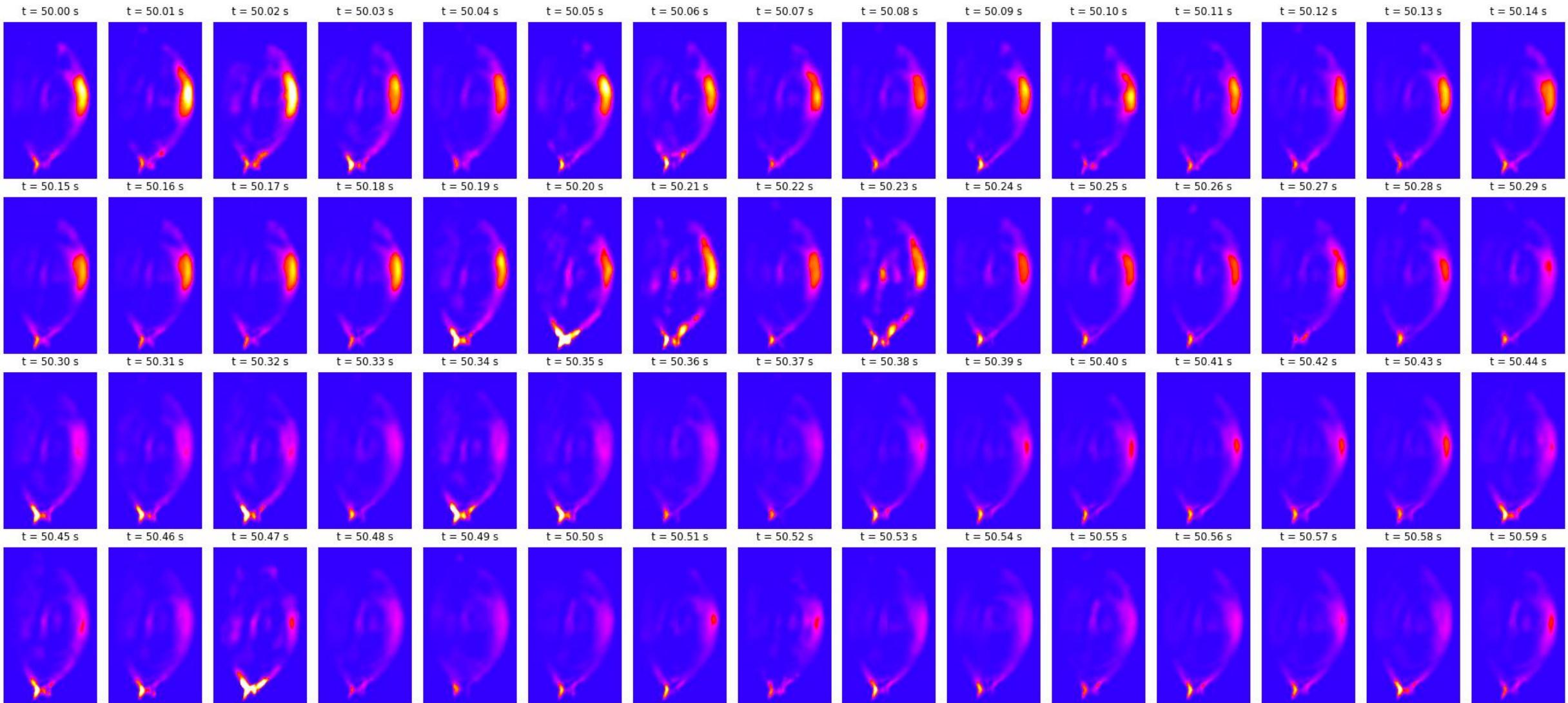
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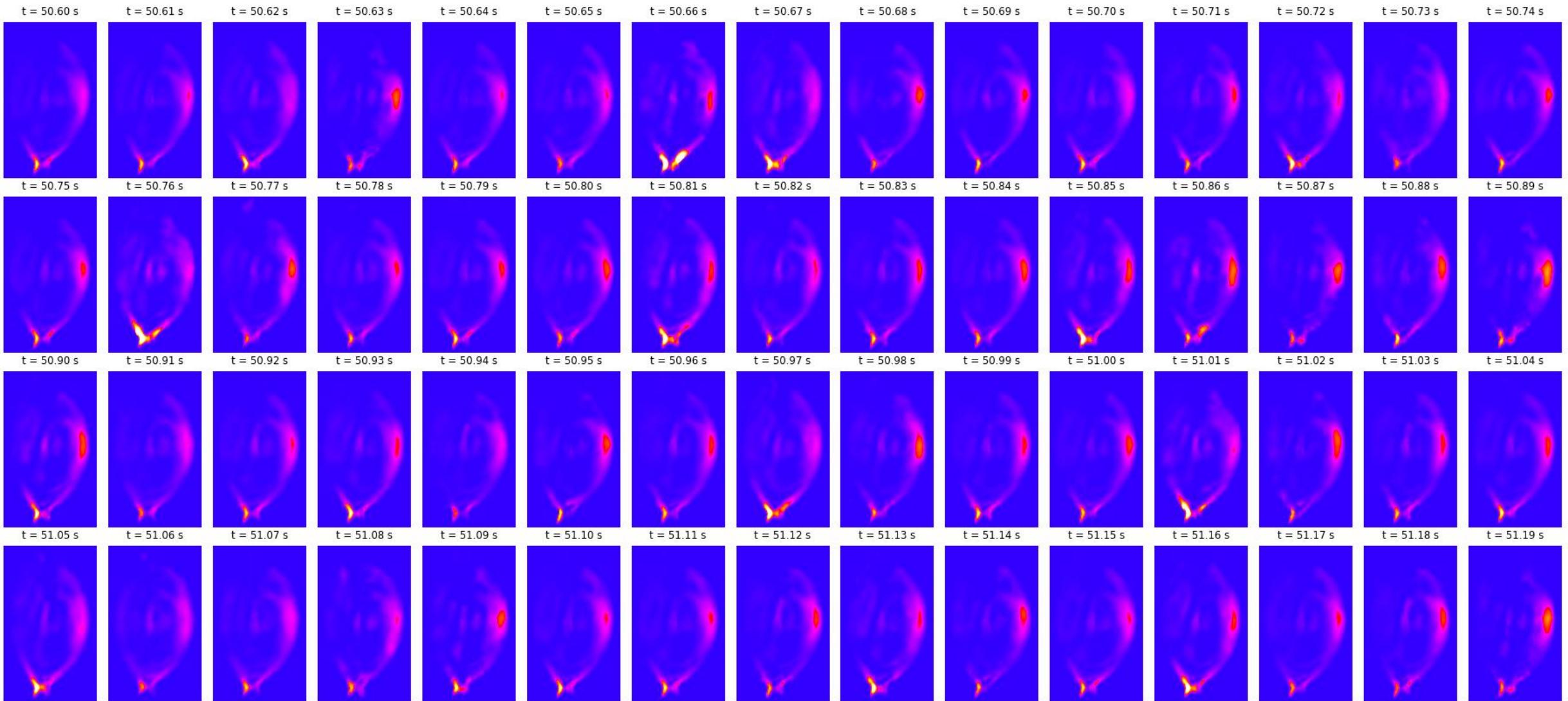
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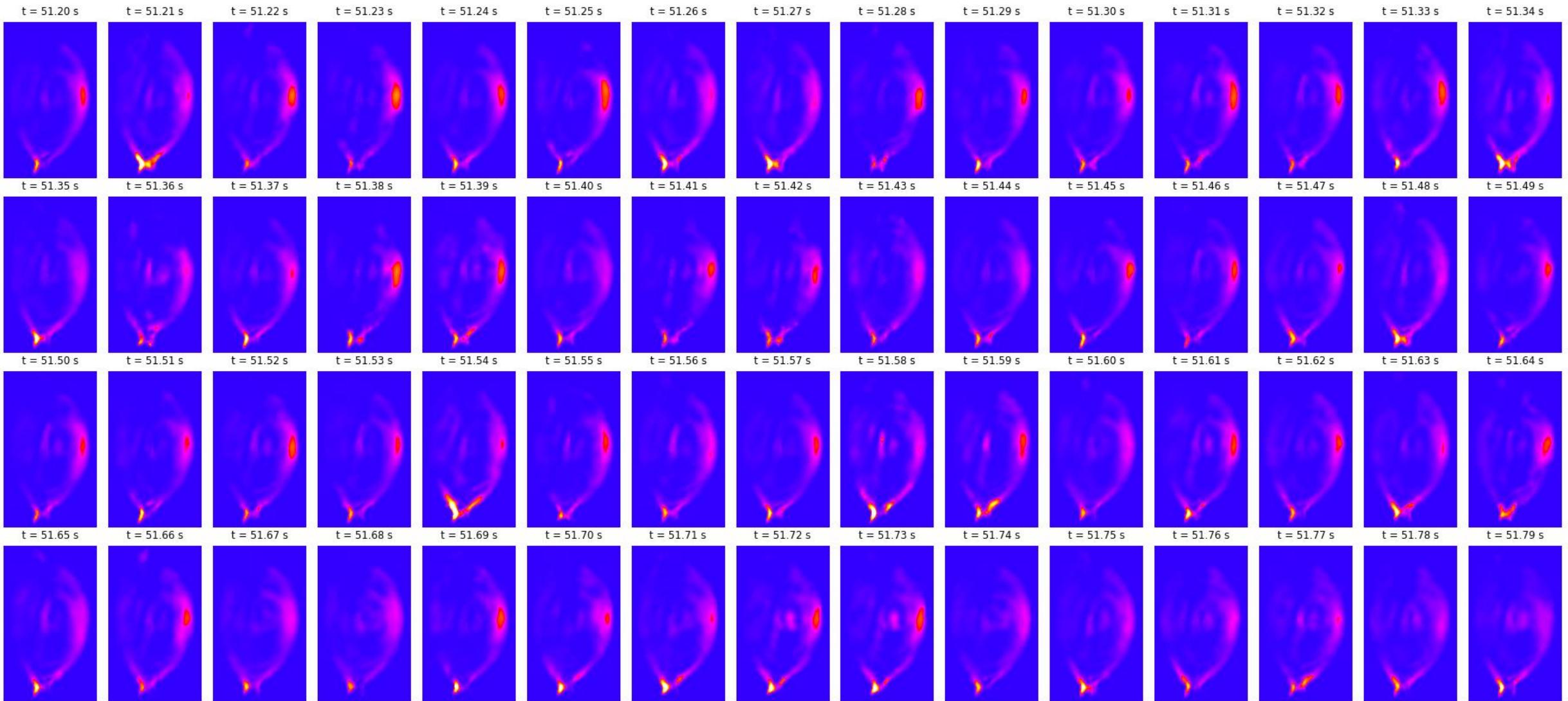
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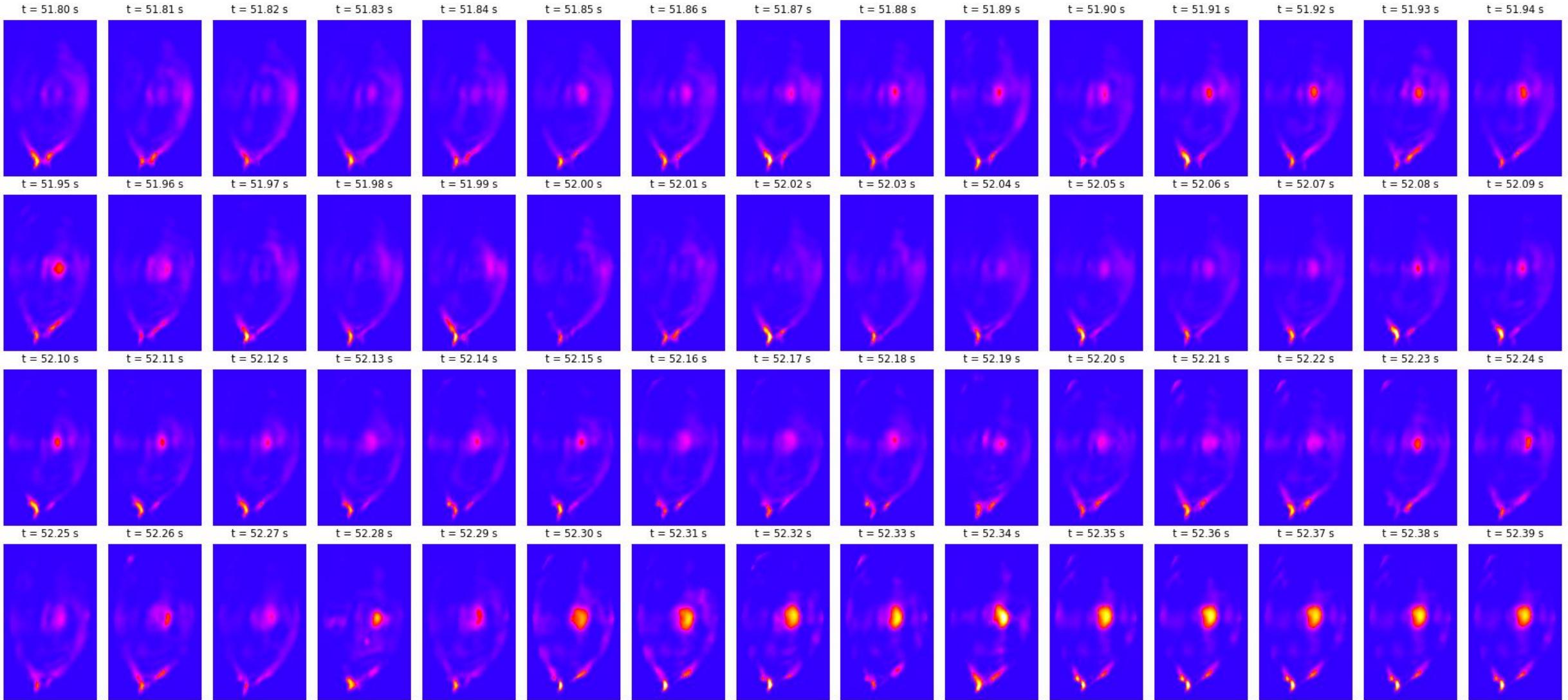
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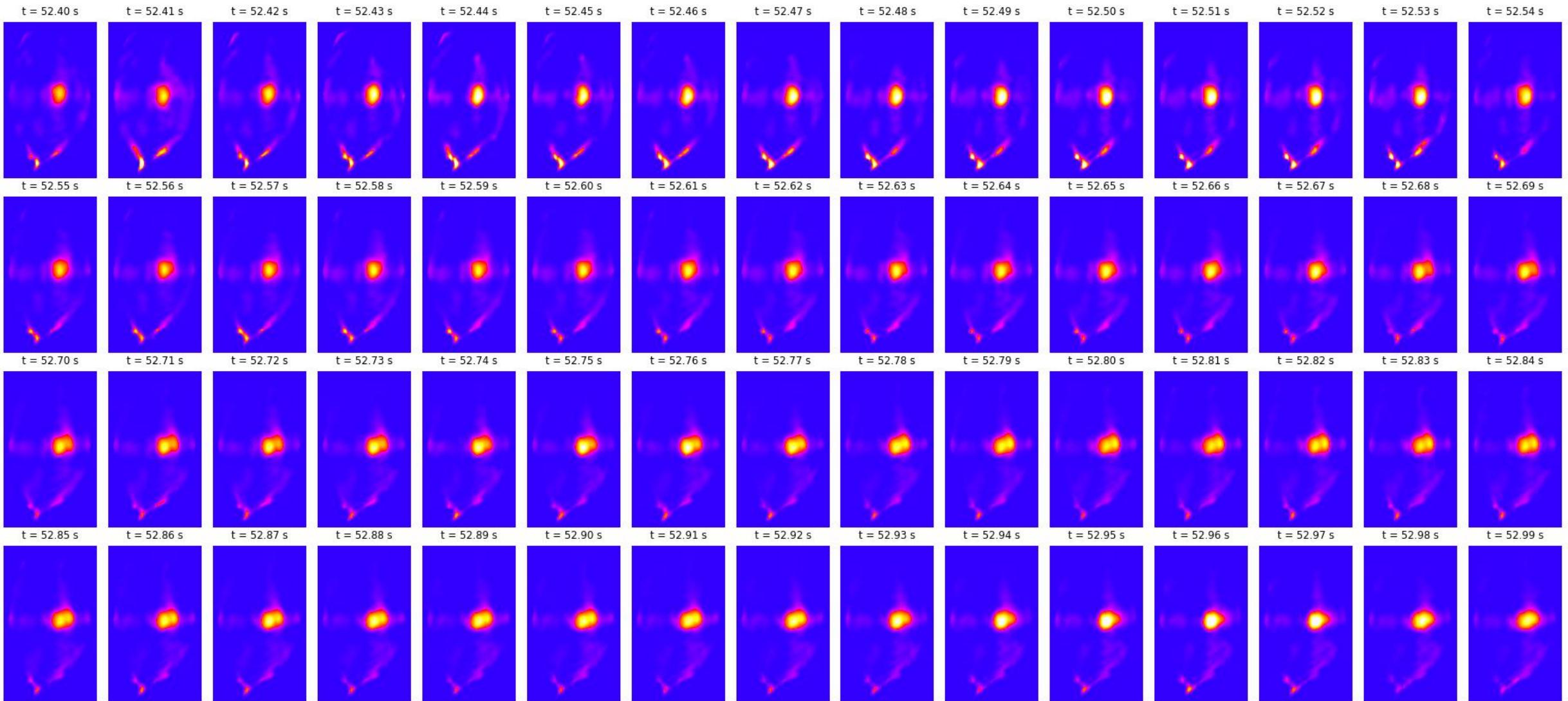
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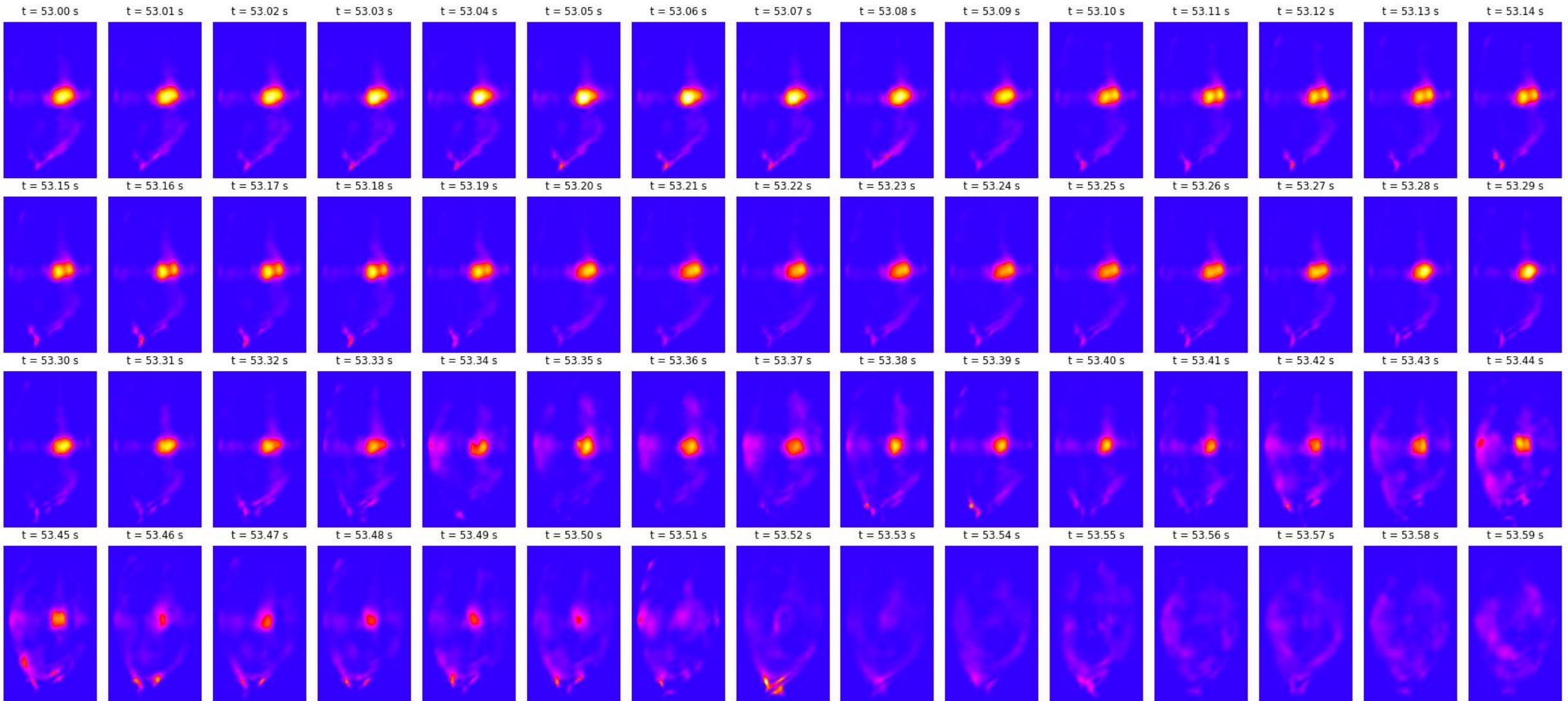
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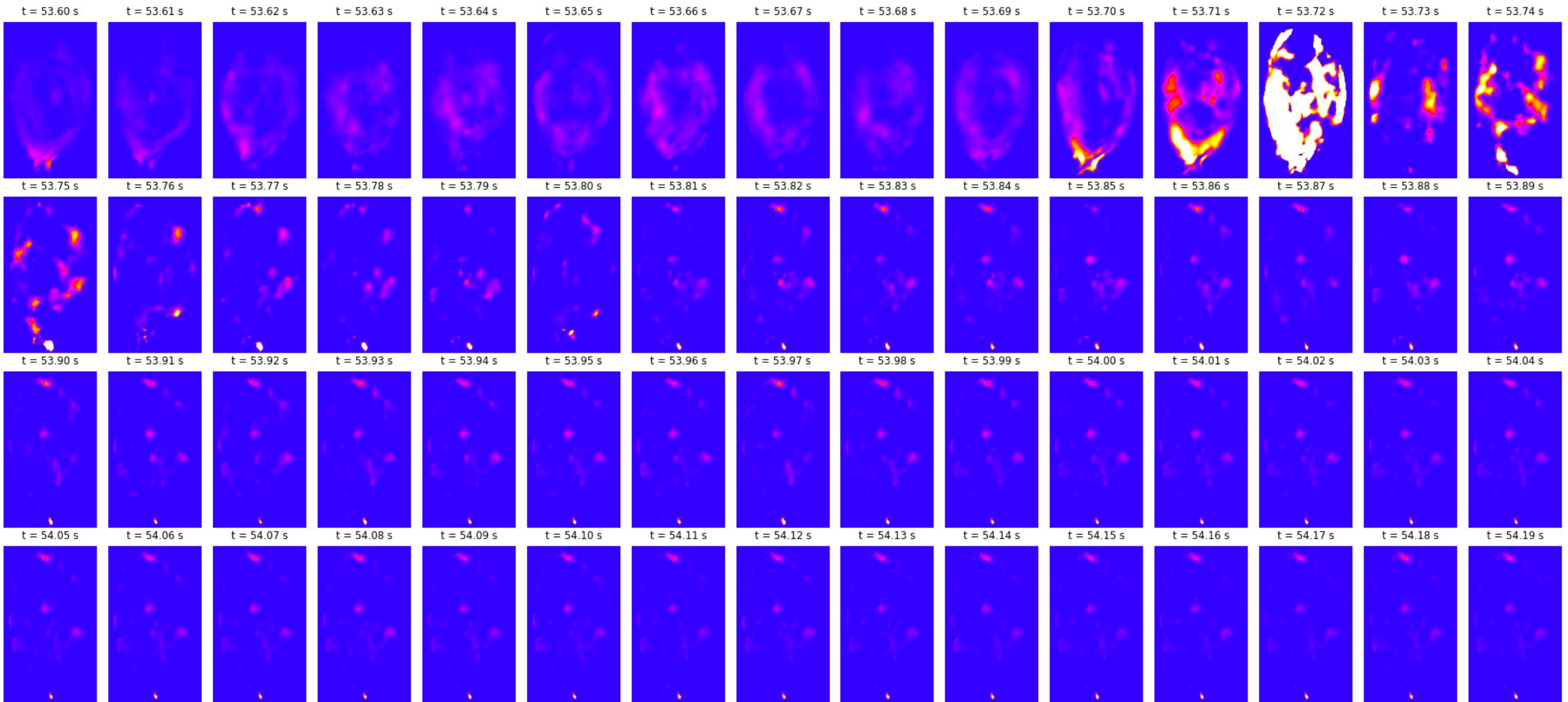
# 92213



92213



92213

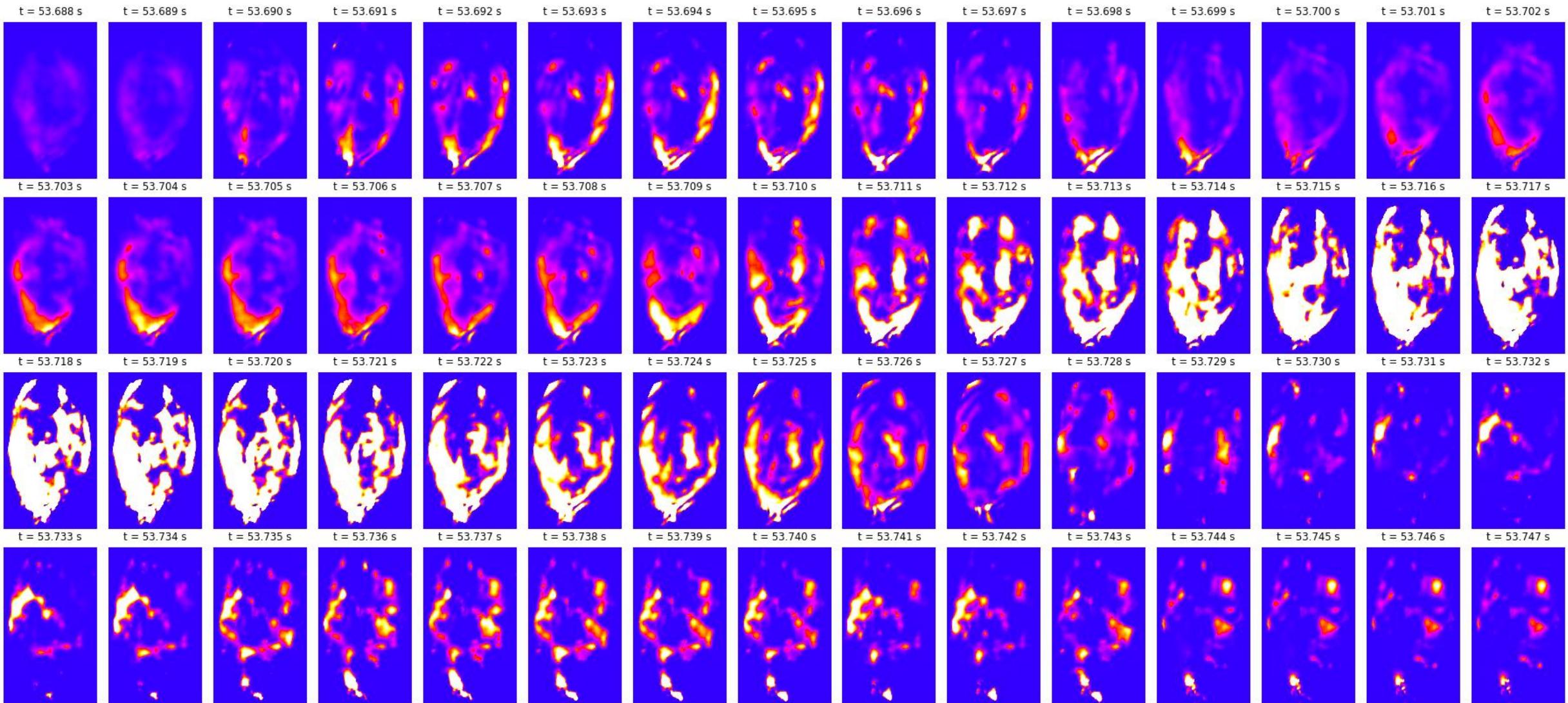


# 92213 disruption

time range:  **$t=53.668\text{s}$**  to  **$t=53.747\text{s}$**

dynamic range:  **$0 \leq P_{\text{rad}} \leq 1.5 \text{ MW m}^{-3}$**

92213

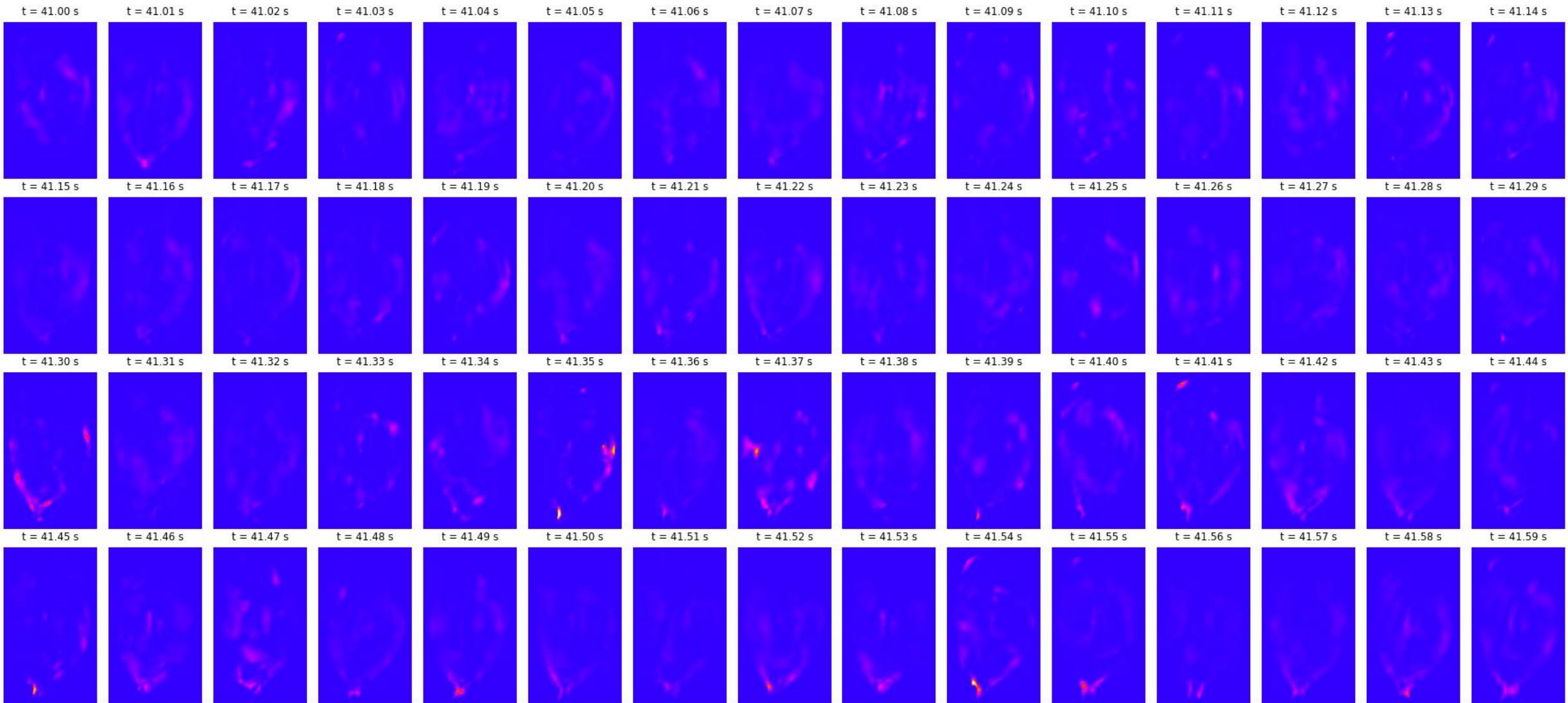


# 92286 (tungsten ablation)

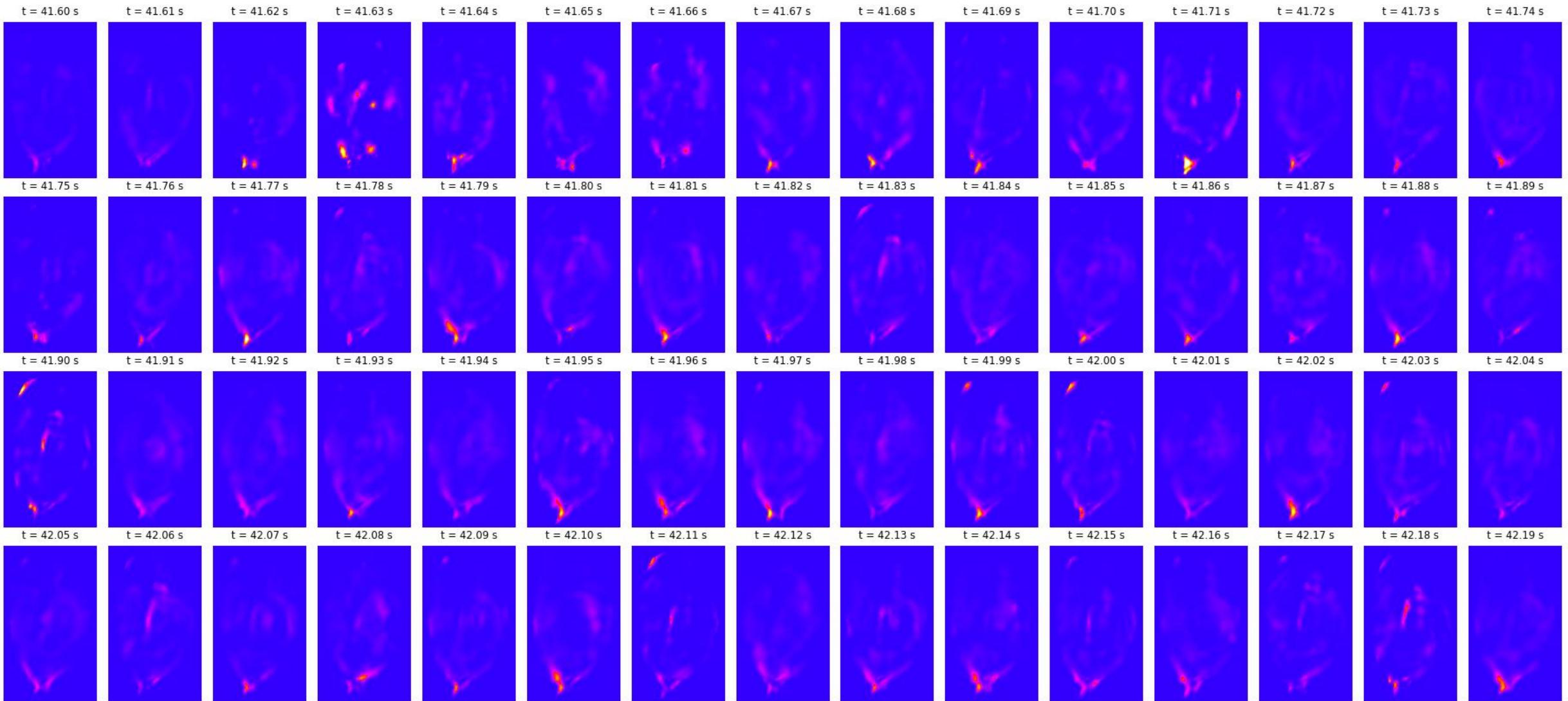
time range: **t=41.00s** to **t=45.79s**

dynamic range: **0 ≤ P<sub>rad</sub> ≤ 150 kW m<sup>-3</sup>**

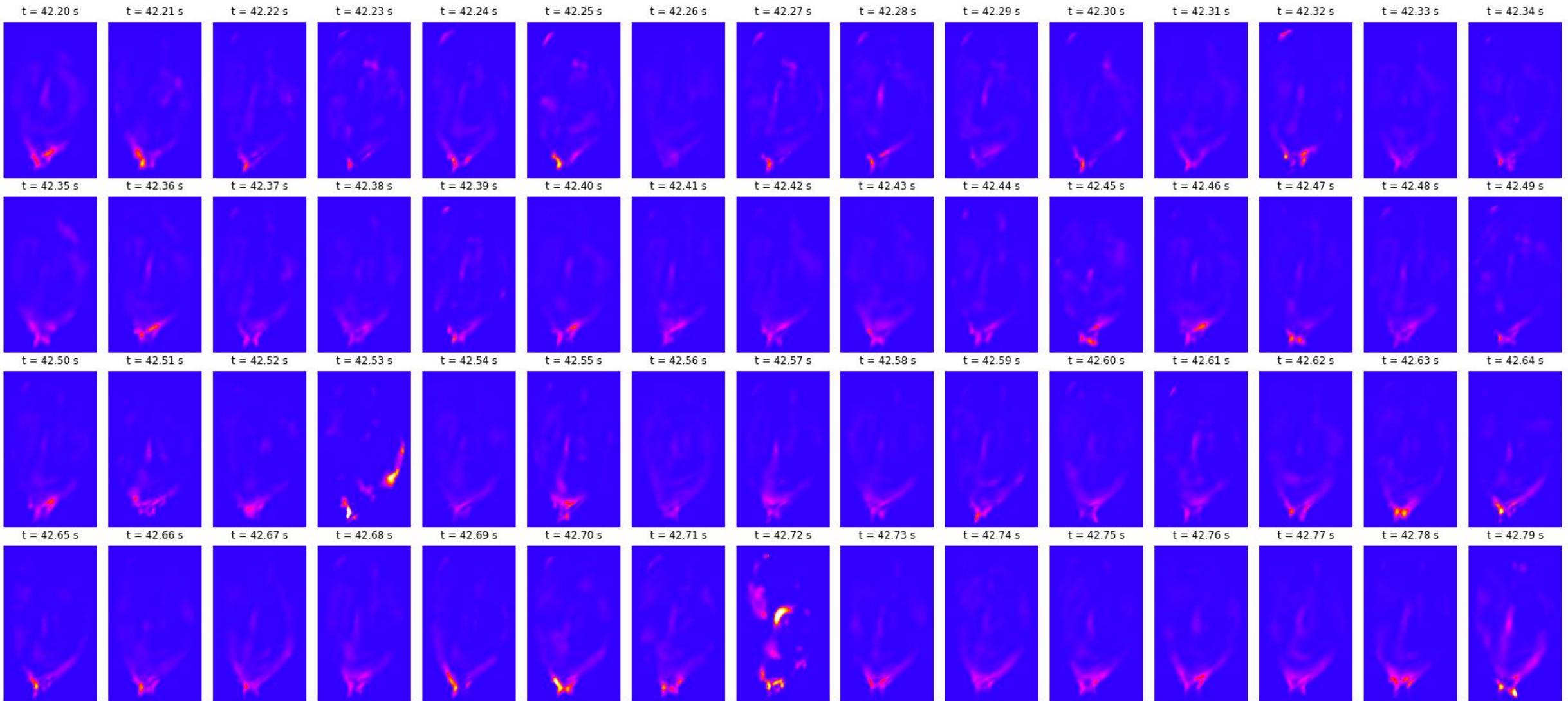
# 92286



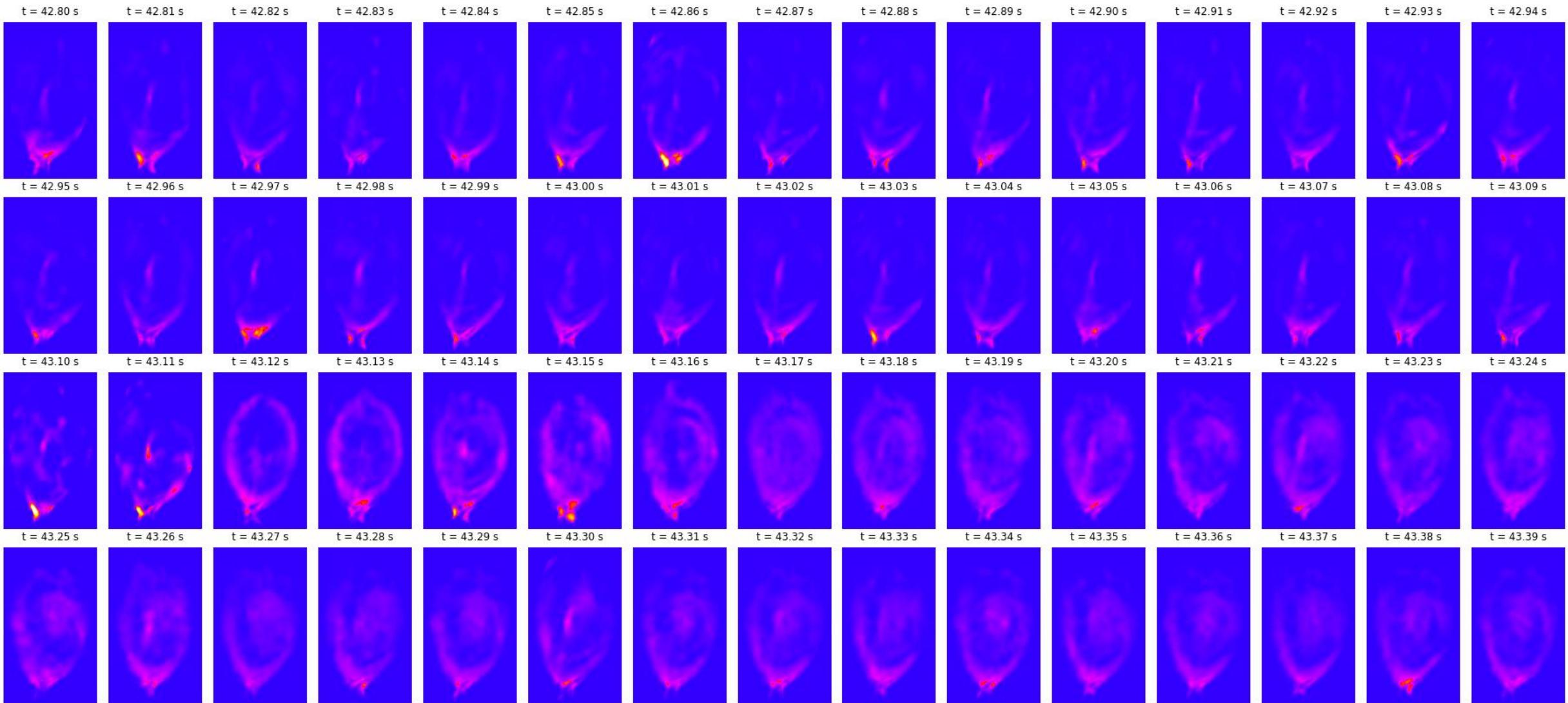
92286



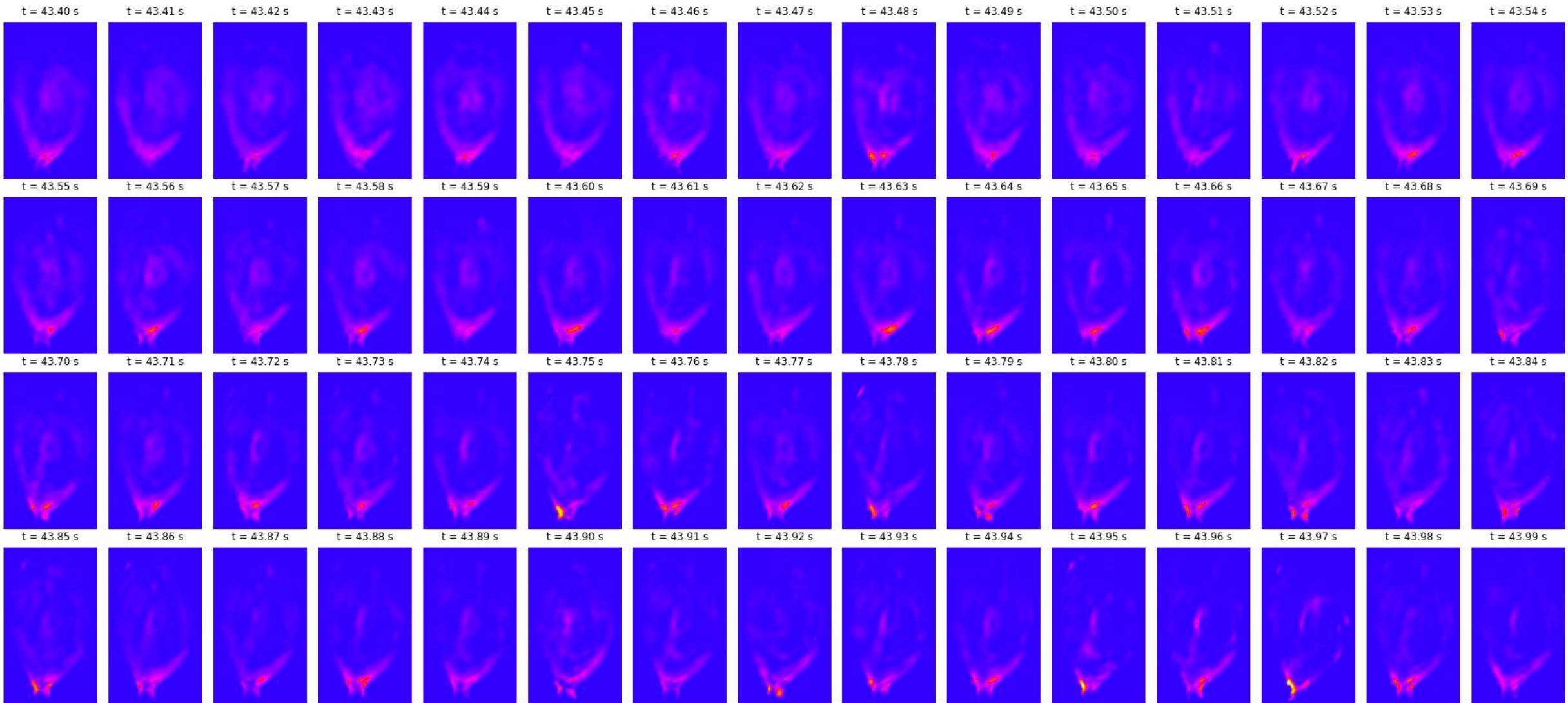
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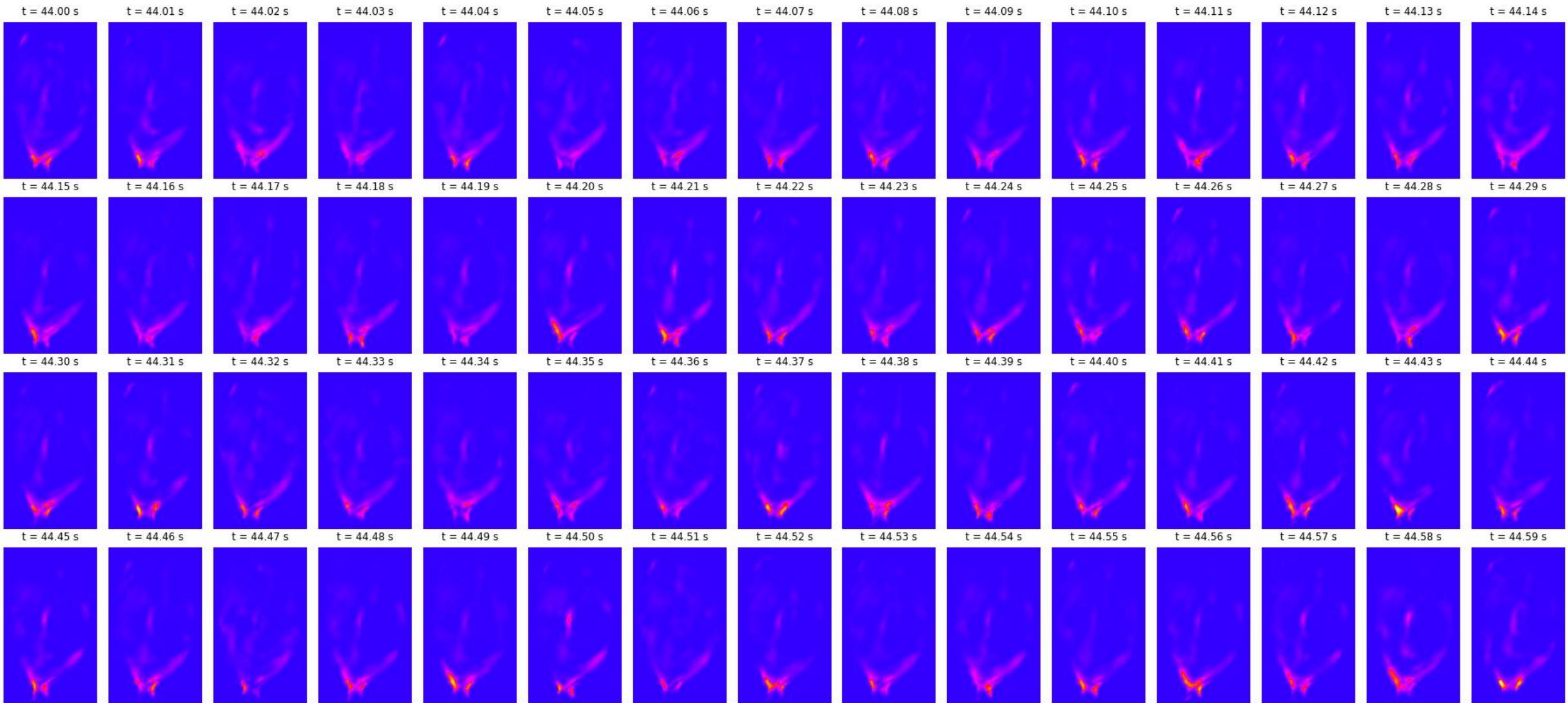
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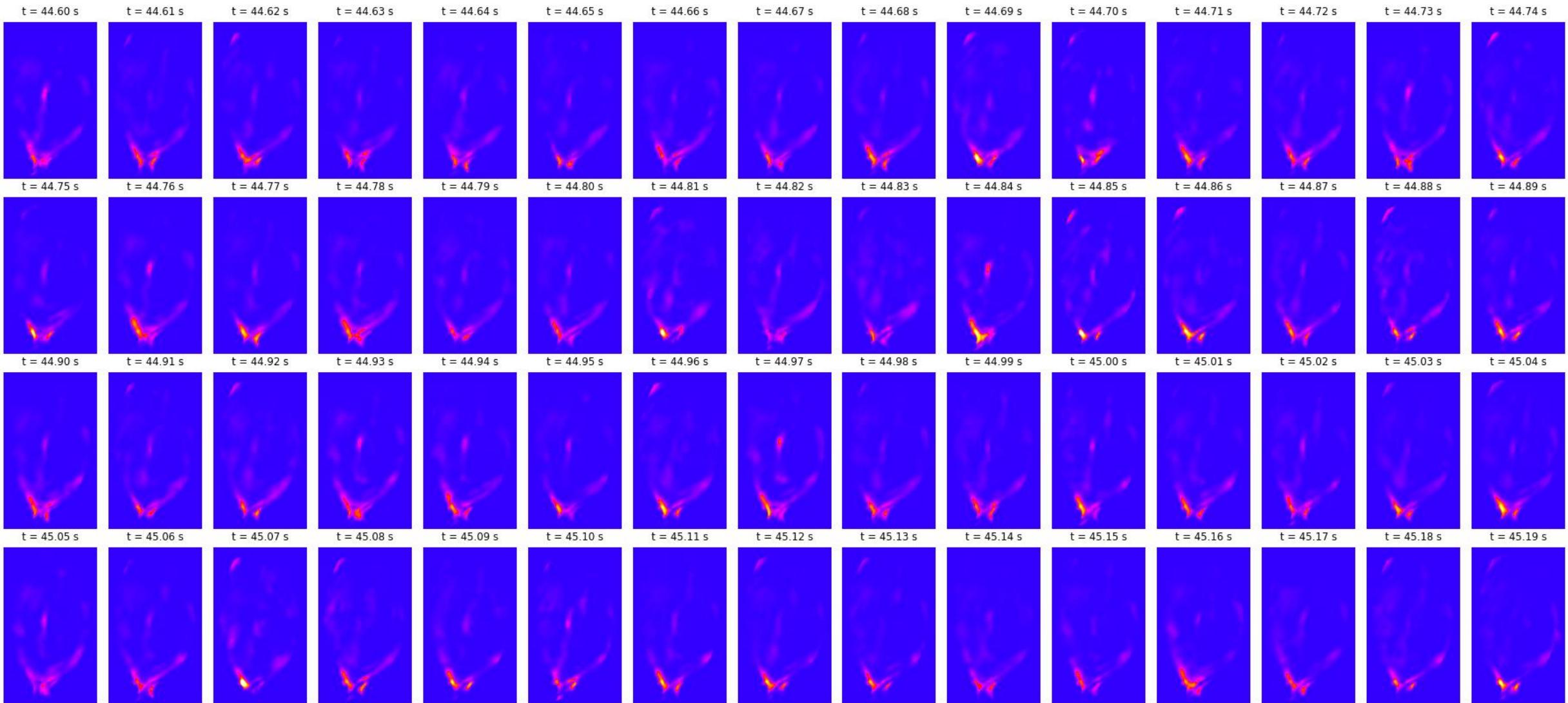
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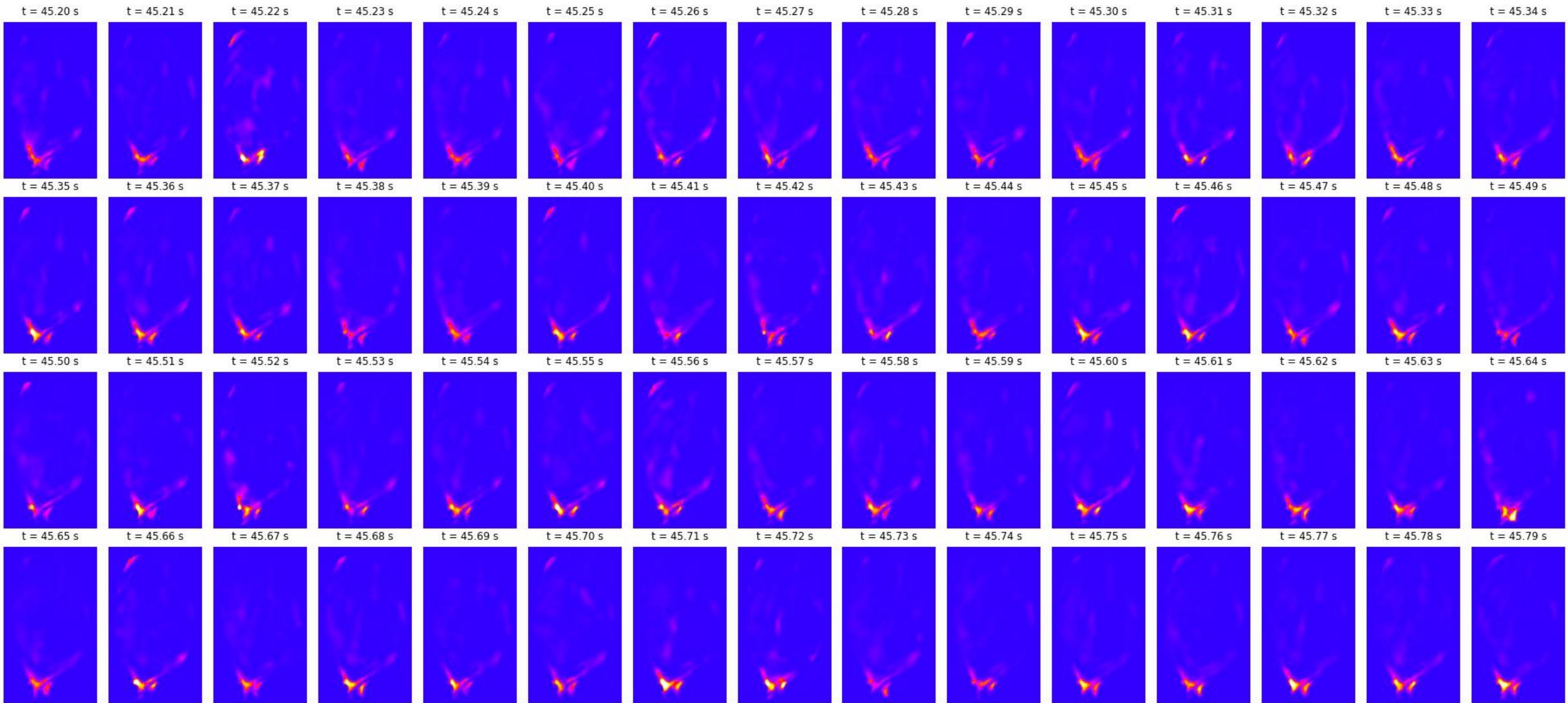
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92286



92286

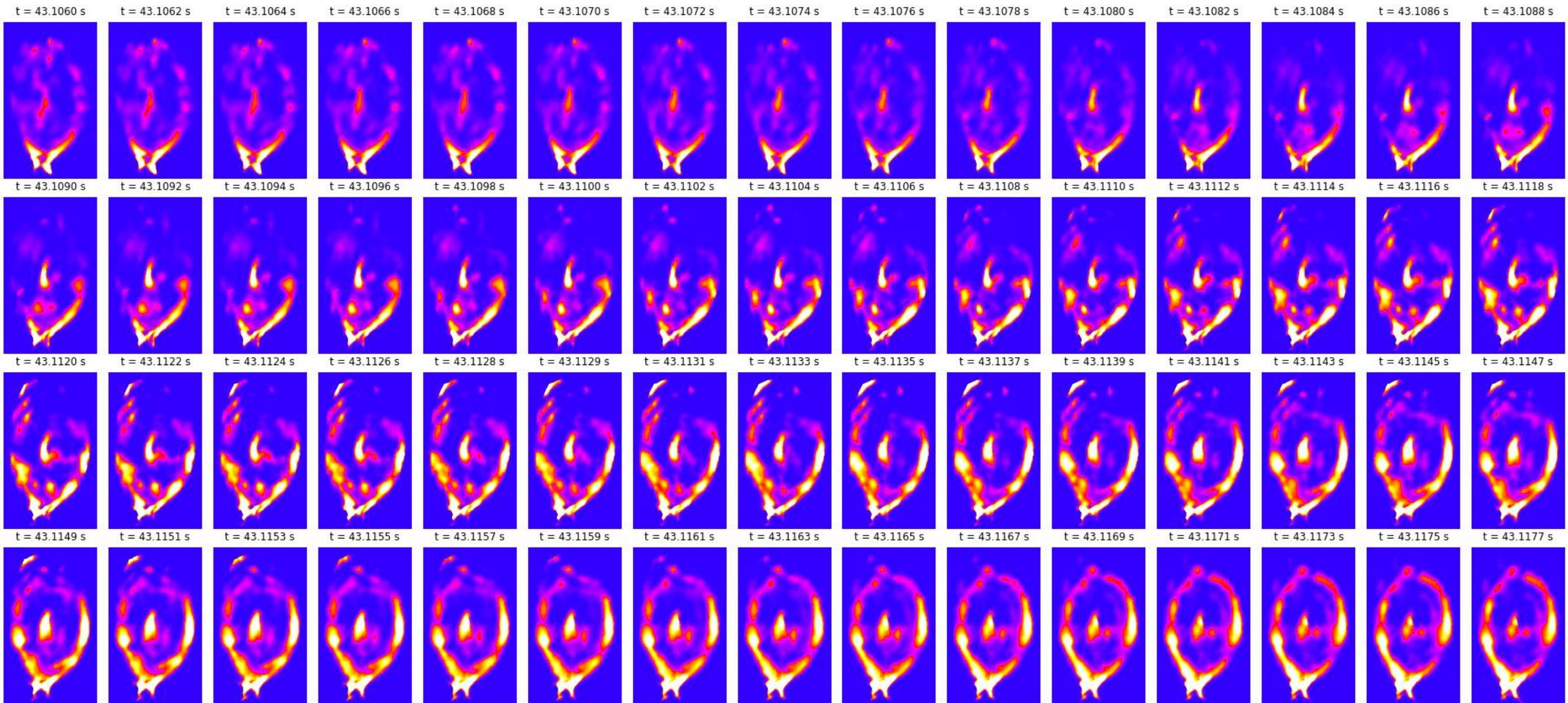


# 92286 tungsten event

time range: **t=43.1060s to t=43.1177s**

dynamic range: **0 ≤ P<sub>rad</sub> ≤ 40 kW m<sup>-3</sup>**

92286



# Conclusion

- some remarks
  - speed, accuracy, usefulness
  - generally applicable, with training data
- thanks to
  - EUROfusion
  - CCFE/UKAEA
  - FCT.pt
  - Ewa Pawelec (Uni. Opole)
  - Peter Lomas (JET)
  - Marco Sertoli (JET)
  - NVIDIA Corporation